20 CENTS A WEEK will insure the delivery of The Daily Colonist at your door every morning

The Daily Colonist.

VOL. LXXVIII.---NO. 129 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA TUESDAY NOVEMBER 9 1897 FORTIETH YEAR

KLONDYKE.

Maps of the principal Mining Districts in British Columbia and the Yukon are on sale at the COLONIST office, Government street.

XMAS GOODS.

A great many of our Fall and Xmas Goods have arrived. Come and see our assortment and if you do not want to pick out and have laid away what you require for Xmas, you may see something that will save you worrying about what you are going to get, and will at least know how large and varied our assortment is. To-day we received another lot of the newest and best Leather, Silver Mounted Purses, Card Cases, and Photo Frames yet out.

Challoner Mitchell & Co.,

THE JEWELERS, 47 Government Street.

NUTS.

Grenoble Walnuts, bales.
Tarragona Almonds, bales.
Spanish Filberts, bales.
Valencia Almonds, 28 lb. boxes.
Jordan Almonds, 28 lb. boxes.

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

WHARF STREET.

Mr. Sifton on the Trail.

Hon. Mr. Sifton at the Board of Trade was FRANK, CANDID, EARNEST. Victoria will be at the front only with combined effort and push.

This season Salmon 10c.; 11 tins for $1.

Use Fleishman's Golden Gate Compressed Yeast and Hudson's Bay Hungarian for making the best Bread.

Sandwich Island Raw Sugar for cooking.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

JUST ARRIVED.

THE NEWEST LINE OF

HATS, SCARFS AND SHIRTS

AT

ARTHUR HOLMES,

78 YATES STREET, CORNER BROAD.

WM. STEWART,

The Leading Costumer.

AN INVITATION.

The Ladies of Victoria are invited to visit our New Dressmaking Parlors, 62 Fort Street, to examine our work and see the Latest Styles in fashions and Dress Goods. It will well repay any Lady who is contemplating a new Fall Costume to Give us a call. Our Specialties are:

Ball, Evening and Dinner Costumes. Fancy Dresses and Silk Waists. All in the Latest Styles.

Note the Address: 62 Fort St., Next to Campbell's Drug Store.

HIGH LIFE CIGARETTES.

Are in Quality and Price Without Exception the Very Best Made.

AT E. A. MORRIS'.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—To buy house with 7 rooms and garden, near town; must be cheap. Address, Alpha Colonist. no9

WANTED—Your presence at the lecture to be delivered by the Rev. J. C. Speer, in the A.O.U.W. Hall, this (Tuesday) evening. Subject "Singers and their Songs." Admission 25 cents. no9

WANTED—A young girl to mind two children. Apply 260 Johnson street. no9

WANTED—Situation as bartender, by strictly sober man. Address Bartender, Colonist office. no9

MELLOR'S MIXED PAINTS — Absolutely pure and full Imperial measure guaranteed $1.50 per gallon; Mellor's floor paints same price. J. W. Mellor, 76 and 78 Fort street.

$1000 to loan, 8 per cent. Address A. K.B., Colonist office. no9

ISLAND grown potatoes, cabbages, carrots, etc.; first-class home grown apples and pears; fresh butter and cream daily. Vancouver Island Produce Society, Ltd., City Market (inside). Free delivery. no9

85C. BUYS A DOLLAR tin of Mellor's carriage paint, ready mixed. Requires no varnishing. Paint your buggy while its cheap. Mellor, 76 and 78 Fort street.

SAVE MONEY--Butter, best creamery 25 to 30 cents; Manitoba dairy 20 to 23 cents; No. 1 imported eggs 25 cents, every egg warranted good. Robert Eccles, City Market. no9

HAY, HAY, HAY—A fine lot new hay just in; onions 10 lbs. 25 cents; potatoes 70 cts. per sack; at Sylvester Feed Co., Ltd., City Market, Tel. 413. no9

LINSEED OIL. 65 cents per gallon, in 4 gal. tins; guaranteed strictly pure oil. Window glass, sashes and doors selling cheap at Mellor's 76 and 78 Fort street.

TO LET—Two comfortably furnished bedrooms; with or without board: good central location; private dining-room; no other boarders. Two gentlemen preferred. Address J M D., Colonist. no9

RAFFLE for Blackman's bicycle will take place on Wednesday next at Germania. All outstanding tickets are called in or they will be cancelled. no9

FOUND—Something to do next Saturday. Go and see the championship football match at Caledonia grounds between Vancouver and Victoria. no9

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—The "Ladies Aid" of this church hold their second annual sale of useful and fancy work in the Temperance Hall, Pandora street, Wednesday, Nov. 10, at 2 o'clock. Refreshments and supper provided, and a good programme in the evening. Admission free. no6

A CHARITY DANCE will be given by the sisters of Rebekah in Odd Fellows' Hall, Douglas street, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 9th, in aid of an Old Ladies' Home fund. Tickets admitting lady and gent 75 cents; Sehl-Lombard orchestra will furnish the music. Donations in the line of refreshments will be thankfully received at the hall after 10 a.m. of the 9th.

PURE WHITE LEAD $6 per 100 lbs. No. 1 Elephant at $5 50 per 100 lbs. Dry colors, colors in oil, varnishes and brushes at lowest prices. J. W. Mellor, 76 and 78 Fort street.

ANY person wishing to send the Victoria-Klondyke map and folder to their friends will please furnish a list of the names and addresses to F. Elworthy, Board of Trade Building and they will be mailed free no3

TRY—

"NIPACOLD"

For La Gripe.

BOWES' DRUG STORE,

100 Government Street, near Yates.

AUCTION

At Salerooms, Douglas Street,

This Day at 2 p.m.

VALUABLE, DINING-ROOM, PARLOR, BEDROOMS AND KITCHEN . . . .

FURNITURE

Also massive Sideboard, with glass doors; Cupboards, Tables, Chairs, Glassware Crockery, Cooking Utensils, etc., *from Adelphi Lunch Room.*

W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

no7

KNIVES FORKS AND SPOONS STAMPED 1847 ROGERS BROS. ARE GENUINE AND GUARANTEED BY THE MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO. THE LARGEST SILVER PLATE MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD.

NEWS OF THE CAPITAL.

Hudson's Straits Proved Navigable for Four Months—Called to the Senate.

Mr. McMullen to Press His Bill to Separate Politics from the Civil Service.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Nov. 8.—A telegram received from Commander Wakeham says that the Diana left Hudson bay on October 24, and passed through the straits on October 30. Navigation is thus shown to be possible for nearly four months.

Mr. McMullen, M.P., who is here, says he will next session press his bill for the appointment of a civil service supervisory board to make all appointments, dismissals, etc.

A petition for the release of Grenier, who libelled Mr. Tarte, has been received by the government. It bears the signatures of over a thousand people.

Fourteen of the cattle on the experimental farm affected with tuberculosis have been killed. Some have been retained alive for the present, but isolated in order that their milk may be tested.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and Sir Louis Davies left for Washington yesterday accompanied by Messrs. R. N. Venning and J. M. Macoun. It is not expected that they will be back much under two weeks. Notwithstanding the statements emanating from Washington, it is not correct that any overtures in relation to reciprocity have been made by the United States government, although seemingly the question will be discussed informally before the ministers return to Canada.

General Gascoigne leaves for Halifax on Wednesday. While there he will probably discuss with General Moore arrangements for the exchange of a company of royal artillery with B Battery of Quebec. It is understood here that the interchange will be made in the spring.

It is stated that the meeting of parliament will take place earlier than was anticipated, and it may be convened towards the end of January either on the 20th or 27th.

The commissioner of agriculture has in preparation a bulletin which will shortly be issued explaining how to prepare and ship poultry for the British market.

It is now officially stated that the Senatorship to be vacated by the pending appointment of Hon. T. R. McInnes to the office of Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia, will be conferred on Mr. Templeman, of Victoria.

MR. LOUNT'S REASON.

Sir Wilfrid Denies That a Prospective Judgeship Produced His Resignation.

TORONTO, Nov. 8.—The Evening Star on Saturday published a statement that Mr. Lount had resigned his seat in Centre Toronto to go on the bench, and claimed this was a violation of Liberal pledges and of the independence of parliament. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, being asked by the Globe as to the truth of this, wires over his signature:

"I did not know of Mr. Lount's resignation until notified of it by the clerk of the crown in chancery. There is not the slightest foundation for the statement that he had been promised a judgeship. No such promise has ever been made."

TOM NULTY'S TERRIBLE CRIME.

Killed His Brothers and Sisters to Make Room for His Intended Bride.

MONTREAL, Nov. 8.—(Special)—The only suggestion of a motive for the atrocious crime of Tom Nulty is one that aptly suggests the wretched feeblemindedness of the whole family. Judie, an unmarried daughter, who is a domestic in Montreal, densely ignorant and stupid to a degree approaching idiocy, says that Tom, who will be 21 years old at Christmas, has been for some time anxious to marry and to bring his wife to his father's house; but there was no room for her and this caused many quarrels and made Tom very unhappy. Her impression, therefore, is that Tom killed off the members of the family in order to make room for his wife.

THE MAIL CONTRACT.

Beaver Line Has at Last Effected an Arrangement With the Government.

MONTREAL, Nov. 8.—The Beaver line has concluded a contract with the government for a freight service from St. John, N.B., and a mail service from Halifax. The first ship, the Gallia, formerly of the Cunard line, will sail from Liverpool on Saturday next. It is understood that the arrangements are satisfactory to the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Go to Weiler Bros., for wall papers; thousands of rolls in stock and immense variety of patterns. x

MANITOBA AND NORTHWEST.

Political Qualification for Chaplaincy—A Penitentiary Bird's Grim Tale—Hudson Straits.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 8.—(Special)—Nicholas Chapman, a convict sentenced to the assizes to-day to eighteen months' hard labor for escaping from the Stoney mountain penitentiary, stated that he and a companion prisoner had been already punished by the prison officials for attempted escape; that they had been kept in a dark dungeon for twenty-one days and had nothing to eat but bread and water for nine days, and they were not allowed to wash for eight days.

The assizes closed to-night, when Chief Justice Taylor imposed these sentences: William Morrison, cattle stealing, 7 years; Thomas Burns, attempted murder, 7 years; Robert Shearer, assault on girl under 14, 5 years and 20 lashes.

At Carberry last night John Gagnon, a respectable citizen, was sandbagged and robbed of $590. There is no trace of the robber.

Rev. Canon Pentreah, formerly of this city, now of Brainerd, Minn., will probably be appointed chaplain of Stoney Mountain penitentiary, succeeding Rev. Mr. Golding, Conservative.

John Fraser, one of the early Red River settlers, died at Kildonan to-day, aged 79.

James Fisher, M.P.P., who is on board the Diana as representative of the Manitoba government, telegraphed the Free Press from Hawksbury, C.B., that the entire voyage was without mishap. There was no ice in Hudson straits up to October 30.

DREYFUS FAMILY SUICIDE.

Ashamed of the Name Disgraced by the Banishment of the Unfortunate Officer.

PARIS, Nov. 8.—A man named Dreyfus—who is believed to be a cousin of Captain Dreyfus, the deported artillery officer imprisoned on an island off the coast of French Guiana—his wife, and their three daughters, aged respectively 13, 11 and 7, committed suicide this morning or last night at their residence, on the Avenue Marceau. The porter of the house found the bodies in their apartments early to-day. They were lying on the floor in the bedroom of the youngest child. Drefus left a letter for the commissary of police of that district enclosing 400 francs with which to defray the expenses of the funeral of the family. The deceased husband and father was so terribly upset by the sentence imposed upon Captain Dreyfus that he had changed his name to that of his wife.

It is asserted that the suicides were committed because of recent losses on the bourse. The wife of the suicide was formerly Miss Rebecca Fortado Abraham, an American. Dreyfus was the son of the Countess d'Hecurty.

MODERN BRIGANDAGE.

A Band of Marauders in Brazil Play Havoc With an Italian Colony.

ROME, Nov. 8.—A cable message received here to-day from Rio Janeiro, Brazil, announces that a band of forty brigands had been overrunning the state of Espiritus, murdering and pillaging on all sides. The dispatch adds that the band recently attacked an Italian colony in that state, killing six of its members and wounding four others. The Italian consul has demanded of the government of Brazil the immediate dispatch of troops to protect the colonists and punish the offenders.

THE TURBULENT MALAGESE.

Well Armed Rebel Bands Seriously Menacing French Troops.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—A special despatch from Paris says alarming information from the Island of Madagascar has been received at the French colonial office. Large bands of well armed, disciplined rebels are scouring Madagascar and cutting off isolated French detachments.

STARVATION IN GREECE.

Appeal for Relief to Be Made to Europe and America.

ATHENS, Nov. 8.—The British minister to Greece, Mr. E. H. Egerton, has returned here, and is distributing clothing, etc., to the destitute Thessalians. It has been decided to appeal to Europe and America to raise the sum of $100,000 to relieve the terrible distress existing in Greece.

"Turn the rascals out"—the familiar party-cry—may be applied to microbes as well as to men. The germs of disease that lurk in the blood are "turned out" by Ayer's Sarsaparilla as effectually as the old postmaster are displaced by a new administration.

CAN THESE THINGS BE?

Report That the Canadian Government May Barter Sealing Rights for Other Concessions.

United States Citizens May Also Be Guaranteed Freedom of Klondyke and Kootenay.

Washington Smiling in Advance At the Expected Sunshine of Canadian Diplomacy.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The authorities here have been advised that the arrival of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, premier of Canada, Sir Louis Davies, minister of marine and fisheries in the Laurier cabinet, and other officials of the Dominion, is to have an important bearing not only on the Behring sea settlement, but on all the pending questions which have been sources of international complications between the United States and Canada, namely: The passage of the alien law; the Northern Atlantic fisheries; the presence of many Americans in the Klondyke territory belonging to Canada and the mining regions of British Columbia; the fisheries troubles along the great lakes; the bonding privileges granted Canadian railroads; the controversy over rights in the Fraser river, British Columbia, and in Puget sound; and also the question of a reciprocity arrangement between the United States and Canada.

There is direct and definite information that Sir Wilfrid comes prepared to look into these questions and if possible include them in one general settlement whereby the constant friction they have engendered may be overcome. On some of the subjects he will confer with President McKinley and on at least one of them, relating to alien laborers crossing the border, he will suggest such modification of the present restrictions as in his opinion will be of material advantage to the United States and also to Americans in Klondyke and British Columbia mining districts, and at the same time will be an advantage to Canada along the Eastern border.

The essential features of Sir Wilfrid's mission was communicated to the officials here by persons fully advised of the Premier's plans, and it can be said that the suggestion that the decks be cleared of existing disputes between Canada and the United States met with favor from the administration.

While the Behring sea settlement occasioned the visit of the Premier the Canadian authorities attach much less importance to it than they do to the other questions mentioned. They say that the Canadian sealing interests are confined almost entirely to the far Western territory where the sealers fit out, and that even there a considerable percentage of so-called Canadian sealers hail from Seattle, San Francisco and other American ports, who fit out in Canadian ports under the British flag.

What basis of settlement can be reached is not disclosed but little doubt, if any, is felt by the Canadians that an amicable adjustment will be reached. Among the plans suggested is that of an indemnity large enough to permit Canada to buy out the sealers and retire them from business. With this done the United States, Russia, Japan and Great Britain would be together in suppression of pelagic sealing. There is no determination, however, to advance this plan in preference to others, and the settlement will be in doubt until negotiations open.

Sir Wilfred Laurier and his associates will urge strongly that the border immigration question be settled, and on this point will confer with the President. Under the Premier's direction, the Canadian parliament passed an alien immigration law last spring, by which American contractors and American labor were barred from taking part in the work on the Crow's Nest Pass railway.

On the other hand it is claimed by the Canadians that about 5,000 Americans are in the Klondyke territory belonging to Canada, and fully 10,000 American contract laborers are working in the mines of British Columbia. The United States immigration laws, it is asserted, are administered with harshness along the Canadian border, and daily are sources of irritation. Sir Wilfrid, therefore, will suggest that the cause of irritation be removed on both sides.

It is understood that he is prepared to offer a repeal of Canadian restrictions in the Klondyke and other regions if the United States law is made lenient.

Klondyke Outfits, Best Value for Money at W. & J. Wilson's.

Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental x

VANITY FAIR CIGARETTES.

The Old Reliable. 17 Prize Medals. 10c. per Package.

WM. S. KIMBALL & CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y.

WILLS'.....

1-4 LB. TINS 30 CENTS. 2 OZ. TINS 15 CENTS. NAVY CUT,

TRAVELLER, 1-4 LB. TINS 30 CENTS. 2 OZ. TINS 15 CENTS.

AT

Harry Salmon's,

Cor. Yates and Government Sts.

NO ROYALTY SO FAR.

Neither Are Dominion Authorities Reserving Alternate Claims in the Klondyke.

These New Departures to Be Taken Only When Commissioner Walsh Arrives.

Beef and Mutton in Great Quantity Nearing Dawson But Supplies Now Very Short.

NANAIMO, Nov. 8. — (Special)— The steamer George W. Elder from Alaska arrived here to-day having on board several passengers, among whom was Donald Nicholson, of this neighborhood, who left Dawson on September 23. The Free Press publishes a full report of an interview with Mr. Nicholson, in which he says the food prospect was a most perplexing question at Dawson. When he left there were seven steamers overdue. The stores had point blank refused to sell any staple provisions. Mr. Nicholson said that should the expected boats not arrive there would certainly be privation and probably starvation for a good many.

Skookum Gulch has proved an absolute failure outside the one discovery claim.

Mr. Nicholson believes the Yukon country to be rich as reported, but he says it can never be properly developed until provisions are lowered. Work is plentiful at $1.50 per hour. The attempt to reduce wages to $1 had not been carried out. Alex. McDonald, the Eldorado king, says he is prepared to pay $1.50 per hour; and others must follow suit.

The Mounted Police were met at several places on the river. They are establishing posts every fifty miles, and are taking in United States and Canadian mails. Commencing November 1, a monthly mail service will be established, carrying letters at regular postal rates.

The gold commissioners and Mounted Police did not consider it advisable, under the existing circumstances, to enforce the 20 per cent. royalty and the reservation of alternate claims. Both have been laid over awaiting the arrival of Commissioner Walsh.

The miners are not required to take out licenses, but each has to pay $15 for staking a claim, which pays for recording and surveying, and to pay $100 for the privilege of a second year's work.

The Mounted Police had strongly advised several boats met at Bennett and Mud lake to camp there for the winter as they had not a fighting chance to reach Dawson before the winter closed in. When the Nicholson passed the mouth of Pelly river ice was running freely. He says there were no reports current of good finds on the Stewart and Pelly rivers.

Several crafts were going down the river loaded with tons of beef and 1,500 carcases of mutton, which were hung on frame work on the rafts. The weather was cold enough to keep the meat in good condition. Major Walsh and party was met at Linderman October 30 preparing to go down the river.

Mr. Nicholson says: "On no account go in over the Skagway trail." He will return in the spring to join his partners, known as the Big Four, of Wellington.

HAVANA EXCITED.

No Confidence That the New Spanish General Will Hold the Rebel Cubans in Check.

HAVANA, Nov. 8.—There is a great deal of excitement here at present in all political circles. This is due to the increasing lack of confidence in the ability of Spain to establish an autonomous form of government in Cuba and to the apprehension that the Spanish troops will not be able to suppress the insurrection by force of arms. This causes a feeling of uncertainty in future which increases the business depression that has existed for over two years past, and on the other hand it increases the desire among the more level-headed of the population for the annexation of Cuba to the United States. The government is well aware of this, and a semi-official hint, conveyed to the annexationists through the columns of a newspaper of this city, has induced them, it appears, to stop their secret meetings.

The annexationists were not exactly accused of conspiring against the government, but the curious charge of "gambling" was made against them, and on this basis they would have at least been put to very serious annoyance if the secret meetings had not been discontinued.

Nobody seems to have any great amount of confidence in the military or administrative ability of Marshal Blanco, the new captain general of Cuba. His reception in Havana was markedly cold, and especially so when contrased with the enthusiasm manifested towards Weyler.

THE HORRORS OF CUBA.

Starvation Alleged to Be Killing Natives by Thousands.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8,—A special to the World from Havana says: "Weyler is gone, but his purpose—to exterminate the breed" of Cuban patriots—is being fulfilled. Starvation is killing the "Concentrados" by tens of thousands; starvation is doing what tens of thousands of soldiers could not accomplish. The frightful sufferings of those who survive cry out for mercy to the civilized world. Physicians of Havana are now forbidden to give starvation ("inancion") as the cause of death. When women and children starve reports are falsified."

A correspondent in the town of San Domingo writes in Diario de la Marina: "A multitude of sick fall dying upon garbage streets here, and there they lie until, after having served as an ignominious spectacle for some hours, they are collected and hauled away in ox carts, used for garbage, to the dumping grounds. The church cemeteries are full, so most of these dead bodies are thrown into the fields to be eaten by dogs and birds."

The birds of which this correspondent writes are vultures. The vultures are gorged and the dogs can eat no more. Both the newspapers which supported General Weyler and those who opposed him are now forced to tell half the truth about starving people.

Here are some of the whole truths that are undeniable: Since General Weyler's proclamation driving the country people into towns was issued, half the rural population in Western Cuba have died. Half of those who survived are so weak, so emaciated, that the flickering spark of life that is left in them will surely be extinguished soon.

PARDON FOR CUBANS.

An Edict of Clemency Issued by the New Military Commander.

HAVANA, Nov. 8.—Marshal Blanco has issued the following edict, officially described as "expressing the magnanimous sentiments of the queen regent and the firm determination of the national government": "I pardon in full all those who have been prosecuted for the crime of rebellion. Rebels prosecuted for common crimes, independent of rebellion, such a spoliation and immorality, will be pardoned as rebels but judged for the other offences committed by them.

"Those suffering sentences imposed prior to the date of this edict will have their sentences commuted to a certain extent and perhaps in some cases in full. Persons pardoned should appear before the civil and military authorities at their respective places of residence, which they will designate and which will be communicated to me. They should then designate places of residence outside the principal towns. They will be advised of the necessity of residing within the military zone of cultivation.

"The military authorities will be careful not to invade the jurisdiction of the civil authorities. Therefore those pardoned cannot change their residence without obtaining the permission of both civil and military authorities."

RIOTING LEGISLATORS.

Suspension of the Austrian Constitution May Result from Disorders in the Reichsrath.

VIENNA, Nov. 8.—On the resumption of business in the reichsrath here to-day Herr Abrahamovich, the acting premier, strongly denounced the riotous proceedings which have marked the sessions of the house for some time passed and expressed the hope that the sittings would be more decent in future.

The representatives of the German people's party, the German progressist party and the social democratic party, protested against the declaration made by the minister of finance on Saturday last at a meeting of the budget committee, in which he pronounced a grave warning of the danger involved in a suspension of the constitution unless the provisional compromise bill is adopted. The minister after explaining that the compromise would already have been finally concluded but for the existing difference respecting the proportionate financial contributions of the two countries, added that he would deeply deplore the result if political circumstances compelled the government to enforce a compromise by other than parliamentary means, but he explained that there were circumstances which were materially stronger than all forms. After the representatives of the parties mentioned had protested against this declaration, they strongly denounced the threatened suspension of the constitution. The speakers were loudly applauded.

After a six hours' speech by Herr Funke, the house adjourned until Wednesday next.

VENEZUELA STRAPPED.

Public and Private Payments Suspended and Business at a Standstill.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Nov. 8.—A severe crisis now exists in Venezuela. The payment of the coupons of the German loan has been postponed, the pension of widows and some of the veterans is suspended, and the salaries of government employes have been reduced 30 per cent. In fact nobody has been paid, nobody imports, and the banks refuse to discount or advance money. The Carenero Railroad and Steamship Company has suspended traffic. Everyone is awaiting the arrival of General Ignatius, who has just been elected President in succession to General Crespo, believing or hoping that the new President will turn out the saviour of his country.

VESUVIUS CARRYING ON.

Two Wide Streams Now Flowing and a Town Endangered.

NAPLES, Nov. 8.—Mount Vesuvius is in great activity. A mass of lava is pouring out of the Atrio del Cavello crater which opened 1895. Two wide streams are flowing down in the direction of Vitrova.

ROAD TO PEACE RIVER.

Exploration Shows That an Easy One Can Be Made From Fort Assiniboine.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 8.—(Special)—In the Northwest assembly at Regina to-day Mr. J. H. Ross announced that Mr. Chambers, who had been sent to make a rapid exploration of the country between Edmonton and Peace river, had just returned and had reported by telegraph that a good road was practicable from Fort Assiniboine to Peace river. The government would, therefore, make arrangements for constructing such a road. The announcement was received with much cheering.

A FAIR TRIAL.

"I was troubled with a very bad headache last winter and decided to give Laza-Liver Pills a fair trial. One box of them cured me and I have not had a headache since. They are a long way of any other remedy I have ever tried."

MISS JANET MUNROE,
Westbourne, Man.

Carloads of furniture, always on the way. We have received a big line of bedroom suites this week. Weiler Bros.

☞ We are doing our best to advertise the city and bring you trade. Now advertise and let people know where to buy and what to buy. x

DURRANT'S DOOM.

U. S. Supreme Court Decides That He Must Face It—Five Other Murderers Must Go Too.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The United States supreme court to-day affirmed the decision of the California circuit court refusing a writ of habeas corpus to William H. T. Durrant, under sentence of death for the murder of Miss Blanche Lamont, in San Francisco, in April, 1895. To-day's decision permits the law to take its course with the condemned man.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—The news that the Supreme Court of the United States had decided not to interfere with the execution of Durrant spread over the city to-day and crowds of interested people read the announcement eagerly from newspaper bulletin boards. The decision of the supreme court has paved the way for the execution of five other murderers who have been sentenced to death but whose execution have been deferred pending the decision in the Durrant case.

Durrant's parents were notified this morning of the courts decision. Mrs. Durrant wept but said her son was innocent and that she did not give up hope that he would be vindicated and his innocence proved. District Attorney Barnes said that the only thing the attorneys for Durrant could do now was to appeal from the order of the supreme court but he thought they would not try this as they are sure to fail.

TORONTO VESSEL GONE.

Believed to Have Foundered in Last Week's Storm on the Great Lakes.

BUFFALO, Nov. 8.—It is believed that another boat has met the same fate as the Idaho in the great storm which raged on Lake Erie the latter part of last week. Captain Thompson, of the steamer Van Allen reports that on his way down the lake yesterday he passed about twelve miles south of the spot where the Idaho foundered the spars of a sailing vessel, but the seas were too high for him to approach close.

It is believed that the sunken vessel is the schooner C. E. Van Straubenzie, owned and navigated by Captain Williams, of Toronto. His boat cleared light from Port Colborne for Cleveland on Thursday last, carrying a crew of seven men in addition to the captain. Nothing has been heard of her since.

An Embezzler Caught.

MONTREAL, Nov. 8.—Detective Devereaux, of Chicago, arrived here to-day with papers for the extradition of Michael Fortier, who is wanted there for embezzling $8,000 from his employers, Strachan McCoy & Co. The prisoner was arrested here last week. He agreed to return to Chicago but was remanded until Wednesday, pending the arrival of witnesses from Chicago.

Leader Whitney's Intentions.

BROCKVILLE, Nov. 8.—It is reported here that Mr. Whitney, leader of the opposition, will not run again for Dundas but will endeavor to capture a Toronto constituency.

The Minister of Justice.

OTTAWA, Nov. 8.—Sir Oliver Mowat will vacate his portfolio on the 17th and at once become lieutenant governor of Ontario, Hon. David Mills succeeding him immediately.

Smallpox.

MONTREAL, Nov. 8.—A third case of smallpox has occurred at a St. Catharine's street boarding school and there is a species of panic in the neighborhood.

Mr. Sifton's Movements.

SANDON, B.C., Nov. 8.—Minister Sifton visited the Ruth mine to-day and left to-night for Kaslo.

Obituary.

TORONTO, Nov. 8.—Major J. D. Hay died suddenly this evening.

Ontario Gold.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 8.—Mr. Breidenboch reached Rat Portage to-day with one of the largest gold bricks yet received from the Mikado mine. Three bricks have also been received here from the Olive mine, the total weight of which is placed at 115 ounces.

A Boasted Advantage Proves to Be a Source of Weakness and Worthlessness.

Makers of crude and imitation dyes must of necessity claim some advantages for their common productions in order to attract consumers. Amongst the deceptive and sweeping claims put before the public by a certain maker of dye, one in particular must attract the attention of even those who are novices in the art of home dyeing; we refer to the statement, "will not soil the hands."

This claim is a direct acknowledgement of weakness and worthlessness as far as coloring power is concerned. Any wise woman will readily see that a dye that will not stain the hands is of little use in the work of dyeing. Such dyes may give to light and flimsy fabrics a show of tint or color, but it soon vanishes from the material when they see the light of heaven.

The Diamond Dyes, no matter how much water is added, have coloring power to stain the hands. A bath prepared from one ten cent package for dyeing six pounds of goods a light color will give as durable a shade as if the bath had been prepared for dyeing two pounds of goods a dark color.

It is coloring power that home dyers look for and must have, colors that will stand sunlight and washing with soap. As two sticks can be used for moving the goods about in the bath, there is no necessity to have the hands and arms in the dye. Diamond Dyes are true and powerful agents, always doing the best work, and never make false and misleading claims.

A CURE FOR CHILBLAINS.

Dear Sirs,—I used Hagyard's Yellow Oil for chilblains this winter and found it most effectual. It relieves the irritation almost instantly, and a few applications resulted in a complete cure.

F. L'ESTRANGE,
Port Sydney, Ont.

Gibbon's Toothache Gum acts as a temporary filling, and cures toothache instantly. Sold by druggists. x

☞ If you want to secure a share of the Yukon Outfitting Trade advertise in the COLONIST. x

What is Dixi H. Ross going to do about it?

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—A girl to help with children where another servant is kept. Apply between 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., or after 6 p.m., at 169 Menzies street. no7

WANTED—Well developed mining properties in British Columbia to be placed on the British Market. Must have Engineer's report and sole option for three months. A. W. More & Co., mining brokers, 86 Government St.

WANTED—A respectable young English girl as housemaid in small family where others are kept. Apply by letter only to Box 352, P.O. no6

WANTED—A young girl to help in general housework, 6 South Turner street. no6

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—Dwellings, offices and stores in all parts of the city. Call at 40 Government street. no7

TO LET—Four 5-roomed cottages on Centre road at $5 per month. Apply 5 Centre road, Spring Ridge. no7

FOR RENT—A furnished house, five rooms, pantry and bathroom with hot and cold water. Apply 109 Chatham street. no6

HOUSEKEEPING rooms in suites with private kitchen at Elsmere House, 101 Pandora. Apply 97 Quadra. no4

TO RENT—A furnished room in the neighborhood of Pemberton road. Address X., Colonist office. no2

TO LET—Comfortable furnished front rooms, with use of kitchen if required. 139 Michigan street, James Bay. no2

FOR SALE.

TO PROSPECTORS, ETC.—For sale, first-class sloop, 6½ tons; in thorough repair; newly painted and fitted; guaranteed first-class sea boat. For further particulars apply to Thomas Harman, 51 Blanchard street, Victoria. no5

FOR SALE—A thoroughbred Jersey bull calf; can be seen at 146 Gorge road. no5

FOR KLONDYKE—Two large dogs; very strong and docile. W. Jones, Auctioneer. 29

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On Monday evening, a black ostrich feather. The finder will be rewarded by returning same to the Paisley Dye Works. o27

MISCELLANEOUS.

REMOVED—John T. Pierre, has removed his tailoring, cleaning and dyeing establishment to 123 Douglas street where he will be pleased to meet his old customers and the new ones that would favor them by their patronage. Prices right. n7

PENS and tea strainers and napkin rings. All kinds of nick-nacks and aluminum things. Second-hand books wanted. H. G. Mason, 46 Government St. n27

F. ELWORTHY—Balance-sheets prepared, accounts audited, general agencies taken. Office, Board of Trade Building. au30-tf

8 cases of bulbs just received from Holland in fine condition, and cheap. W. Doods, Royal Floral Nursery, 207 Fort street. oct7

MUSICAL.

MR. JESSE A. LONGFIELD, from Hopkinson's, England, tunes and repairs pianos, harmoniums, American organs, etc., on reasonable terms. Address 166 Pandora street. no2

THE COLLEGE OF MUSIC, 166 Pandora St., Victoria. Principal Mr. A. Longfield, F.V.C.M. Piano, organ, singing, violin and violoncello. Lessons on reasonable terms. Pupils can be visited at their residence if required. no2

EPPS'S COCOA
ENGLISH BREAKFAST COCOA
Possesses the following Distinctive Merits:
DELICACY OF FLAVOR.
SUPERIORITY in QUALITY.
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC.
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED
In Quarter-Pound Tins only.
Prepared by JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

RAGS.

Clean Cotton Rags
Wanted at this Office,
3 cts. per pound

READY REFERENCE LIST
OF
VICTORIA FIRMS.

ACETIC ACID MANUFACTURERS.
BEST GOODS—The Canada Paint Co. Ltd.

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS.
M. R. SMITH & CO., VICTORIA, B. C., Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes.
THE LARGEST STOCK of Cadbury's Chocolate in fancy boxes in the city, at Clay's, 39 Fort.

BOOK EXCHANGE.
CASHMORE'S, 103 Douglas street; buy and exchange all kinds of books and novels.

COLOR MAN'F'RING—DRY AND OIL.
GOODS GUARANTEED—Canada Paint Co. Ltd.

DRUGGISTS, CHEMISTS, ETC.
CENTRAL DRUG STORE—Hall & Co., Props. Chemicals, etc., cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

DRESSMAKING.
DRESSMAKING PARLORS—131 Yates street.

FOUNDERS AND BOILERMAKERS.
SPRATT & GRAY, iron founders and engineers.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS
CHAS. HAYWARD, 52 Government street.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.
FRED CARNE, JR.—Tel. 586, cor. Yates & Broad
FELL & CO., family grocers and provisions, corner Broad and Fort streets.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS.
R. LETTICE — Paints, oils, varnishes, etc. Window glass and wall paper.

HARDWARE.
E. G. PRIOR & CO.—Hardware and Agricultural Implements. Cor. Johnson and Gov't.

HOTELS.
OCCIDENTAL—$1 to $1.50 per day. Under management of Walter Porter.
DOMINION—Popular prices; all comforts of higher price hotels. Free 'bus; meals 25 cts.
QUEEN'S—Am. and Europ. plan, cor. Store and Johnson Sts. J. C. Voss, Prop.

INSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, ACCIDENT.
SUN LIFE ASS'N—Pemberton & Son, Fort St.
A. W. MORE & CO., 86 Government street.

JAPAN COLORS.
FOR Carriage Builders—Canada Paint Co. Ltd.

LIVERY AND TRANSFERS.
VICTORIA TRANS. CO., 21 Broughton st.—Largest stock of horses, carriages, etc., for hire.
VICTORIA TRUCK & DRAY CO—Telephone 13.

MINING BROKERS.
A. W. MORE & CO., 86 Government street.
BEAUMONT BOGGS—Opposite Driard—A B.C. code; quotations on application.

MANTLES, GRATES AND TILES.
McKILLICAN & ANDERSON,—Mantels, grates, and tiles. Cor. Langley and Courtney Sts.

NOVELTIES.
CHAMPION Natural Stone Filter. Japanese Electric Light Shade. Barber Bros., 51 Yate's.

OIL STAINS AND ENAMELS.
BEST MADE—Canada Paint Co. Ltd.

PLATE GLASS.
R. LETTICE, dealer in paints, oils, varnish and window glass; agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel. No. 40 Fort street. mr17

LACQUER MANUFACTURING.
FOR CANNERIES—Canada Paint Co.

STEAM COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS.
STEMLER & EARL, Coffee, spices, mustard and baking powders. Pembroke St. near Gov't.

READY MIXED PAINT MANUFACTUERS.
BRANDS ESTABLISHED—Canada Paint Co.

RUBBER STAMP MANUFACTURERS.
BARBER BROS., 51 Yates street.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.
FOR PERMANENT PHOTOS see EYRES, 76 Yates street.
MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, No. 41 Pandora street, dealers in all kinds of photographic material; views of British Columbia and Alaska.
Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store 41 Pandora street; boots, shoes, leather and shoe findings; "K" boots a specialty. o21

SEAL ENGRAVING AND EMBOSSING.
W. H. PHILIPPS, 39½ Douglas, south of Fort St.

REAL ESTATE & FINANCIAL AGENTS.
BEN WILLIAMS—Plate glass, accident and fire insurance, 46 Fort street; P.O. Drawer 66
A. W. MORE & CO., 86 Government street.

STEAM DYE WORKS.
PAISLEY DYE WORKS—Tel. 410. The old reliable. Established 1885. 116 Yates street
BRITISH COLUMBIA—Tel. 200—Largest estab.; country orders solicited. 141 Yates street.

VARNISH MANUFACTURERS.
RELIABLE GOODS—Canada Paint Co. Ltd.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS.
L. GOODACRE, Contractor by app't to Royal Navy and Dominion Government. Tel. 32.
THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET CO., Ld., Gov't and Yates Sts., Butchers and Packers; wholesale and retail dealers in fresh, salted and smoked meats, lard, etc.; branch Vanc'r.

WHITE LEAD AND PUTTY MAN'F'RING.
OUR OWN MAKE—Canada Paint Co. Ltd.

CLEARANCE -:- SALE
—OF—
FURNITURE, ETC.

A ? OF SAVING AND $ TO BUYERS

For the next 30 days we shall give a special discount to purchasers for cash on our well-selected Stock of

Furniture, Carpets, Squares, Matting, Floor-cloth, Curtains, Poles, Crockery, Glassware, Baby Buggies and Carts, Garden Swings Chairs, etc.

The B. C. Furniture Co.
J. SEHL, Manager.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco is our authorized agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. j-8

STOCK MINING BROKERS.

Mining Shares for Sale.

Two thousand Evening Star 9c; 5,000 Victoria Texada 25c; 5,000 Argo 10c; 1,000 Mineral Hill 5c; 400 I.X.L. 10c; 10 000 Van Anda 8½c; 5,000 Excelsior 30c; 5,000 Fern 60c; 6,500 Rambler-Cariboo 44c; 200 Slocan Queen 10c; 5,000 Brant-Yukon 25c; 4,000 Monte Cristo 20c; 2,000 Nest Egg Fire Fly 5c; 1,000 Cayoosh Creek 50c; 5,000 Kamloops Copper 10c; 500 Poorman 8c; 200 Silver Bell 5c; 250 Wonderful 5c; 1,000 Ivanhoe 4c; 1,000 Consolidated Sable Creek 10c.

A. W. MORE & CO.,
Mining Brokers, 86 Government Street

MINING CLAIMS
REPORTED ON
By Mr. D. R. IRVINE (formerly of Her Majesty's Geological Survey, Scotland.) Apply to ROBT. H. SWINERTON, Sec.-Tres. The Victoria Mining & Development Co., Ld., Lby, 106 Government street, Victoria, B.C. fe17

W. J. WATERMAN,
Consulting Mining Engineer,
Box 123. 610 Granville St., Vancouver. my22

OFFICIAL MAP
—OF THE—
MINING DIVISION
—OF—
WEST KOOTENAY, B.C

By arrangement with the Government we are prepared to furnish the Official Map of the Mining Division of West Kootenay to the trade in quantities. Address:

THE COLONIST
PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO LD LY.
VICTORIA, B. C.

Farmers' Institutes.

Public meetings will be held at

Parsons Bridge Hotel, on Friday, Nov. 5, at 8 p.m.
Saanich Agricultural Hall, on Monday, Nov. 1, at 2 p.m.
Colquitz Hall, on Tuesday, Nov. 2, at 2 p.m.
Cedar Hill School House, on Wednesday, Nov. 3, at 8 p.m.
Agricultural Hall, Duncans, Saturday, Nov. 6, at 1:30 p.m.
Cobble Hill, Saturday, Nov. 6, at 8 p.m.

for the purpose of giving information as to the benefits which will accrue to agriculturists by availing themselves of the provisions of the Farmers' Institutes and Co-operation Act.

The meetings will be addressed by Mr. T. F. Paterson, B.S.A., who has had considerable experience in the working of Farmers' Institutes in Ontario.

J. R. ANDERSON,
Deputy Minister of Agriculture;
Acting Supt. of Farmers' Institutes.

Department of Agriculture,
Victoria, 29th Oct., 1897.

THE PURPOSE,
THE PLAN,
THE RESULT OF
E. B. EDDY'S
MATCHES IS
THE PRODUCTION OF
BRIGHT . . .
CLEAR . . .
FLAME. . . .

Ho! for Klondyke!

Everybody going or wanting to know about the Yukon Gold Mines should buy the

MAP & MINING REGULATIONS

Now on sale at the Bookstores. The Pamphlet contains all the information required.

Price 50 Cents
jy22

GREAT BOULDERS OF ORE.

New Ledges of Vast Extent and Great Richness Reported from East Kootenay.

NELSON, Nov. 4.—(Special)—A well known prospector, who does not wish his name mentioned, brought in yesterday some very high grade ore from East Kootenay. He made his way on the old government trail, about 25 miles from Argenta, to the famous Jumbo and Mineral claims on Toby creek. From there he went northward a short distance and came across some very fine surface showings, the ledge cropping out fifty feet wide in some places, and scattered over the ground were immense boulders, weighing two or three tons, of the ore. He made two or three locations under the names of Matterhorn, Elk Horn and Iron Horse. On going over the divide he again found enormous croppings and located more claims under the names of Silver Island, Headlight and King Solomon.

Assays on the samples he brought in ran as high as 78 ounces, 28 per cent. copper and $16 in gold. So rich is the ore that it looks like matte from the smelter. It also contains some iron pyrites and peacock silver. The richness of the ore and the vast extent of the ledges is an assurance that the claims will soon be developed into mines of great extent and value.

It is now too late, of course, to go into the district as the ground is entirely covered with snow, and storms of great violence are liable to come up at any moment. There is every indication of a very great rush into that district as soon as the snow melts in the spring. Nearly all the marvellous new finds have been made about sixteen miles due west of Lake Winderman.

DISCONTENTED LIBERALS.

The Chief Mainland Organ Not Satisfied With Recent Appointments.

VANCOUVER, Nov. 8.—(Special)—The World to-night in criticizing the action of the government in appointing two Senators and the Lieutenant-Governor from Victoria says: "Receiving but small favors from the provincial government, and outraged by the federal government, there will be many to exclaim, God help Vancouver, New Westminster and the district generally."

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Nov. 8.—The Steves suit for damages against the municipality of South Vancouver, decided in favor of the plaintiff in the lower and Full courts, is to be appealed to Ottawa.

There were no cases concluded at the assizes to-day. In addressing the grand jury Mr. Justice Drake said there were no cases of serious importance. The Orphan Boy mine case, in which it is alleged Messrs. Brown and Haskins conspired to defraud the stockholders, commenced at one o'clock to-day with a jury.

Mr. Justice McColl gave judgment in the Supreme court on Saturday in the case of Lang vs. the City of Victoria. It was one of the cases resulting from the Point Ellice bridge disaster. Judgment was given according to the findings of jury, whose verdict was for the plaintiff $20,000 and costs.

Lieut.-Col. Peters, the D. O. C. of No. 11 District, has issued circulars, giving the conditions of the marching and firing competition which is to take place at Central Park range on Thanksgiving day. He has also donated a challenge cup, and will act as chief umpire. The officers of the 2nd battalion have added $50, making the prizes: First, challenge cup and $25; 2nd, $15; 3rd, $10. Briefly, the conditions are as follows: Teams to consist each of one officer, one sergeant, 10 noncoms. and men belonging to any half company 60 days previous to entry. The 10 men only to fire. Rifles—Martini - Henry, of Government issue only. No private rifle allowed. Regulation sling used only during march. No orthoptics. Each team starts from the court house, Vancouver, at appointed time, and marches to the range. One hour and forty-five minutes allowed. Distance about seven miles. Three points per minute if under time, five points per minute deducted if over. On arrival the team does not fall out, but forms up in single rank at two paces interval, and is inspected by umpire. Bugle sounds "Advance." On reaching 600 yards firing point, bugle sounds one "G," and six targets appear for one minute only, the team firing as many volleys as possible. On the disappearance of targets, the team advances at the "quick" or "double" until the targets again appear, when they will fire independently, advancing and firing until the "cease fire" is sounded. The targets will appear four times, about 600, 400, 300, and 200 yards, more or less. The arms are then inspected, team marched back to 600 yards firing point, and dismissed. Hits direct or ricochet, count 1 point each. Appearance of team at starting point, maximum, 20. Points for fire discipline, etc., maximum, 50. Entries must be made to the district officer by November 18.

At the annual meeting of the Military Rifle Association it was decided to hold the annual match on Saturday, November 20. The committee will probably ask the merchants of Vancouver for a few prizes, in kind, to encourage rifle shooting. The officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: Hon. President, Lieut.-Col. Worsnop; president, Major C. C. Bennett; vice-president, Lieut. J. Reynolds Tite; secretary-treasurer, Bomb. H. J. Ferris; committee, Sergt. Kennedy, Sergt. Moscrop and Corp. Kendall.

AS A living picture of Indiana middle-class life, "The Hoosier Doctor," in which Mr. and Mrs. Digby Bell appeared at The Victoria last evening is an admirable literary composition—fairly entitled to rank upon the same plane with "Alabama" and "In Missouri." Digby Bell in the title role fully realizes the requirements of the character—he is a quiet and natural fun-maker, following very closely upon the methods of Sol Smith Russell, though he lacks the magnetism of either Russell or Nat Goodwin. Although the star of the play and the company, Digby Bell is not the pivotal character of "The Hoosier Doctor." That position is reserved for his wife, who in her impersonation of the shrewish mother-in-law is original and good. These two, with Mabel Strickland in the

ingenue part, make the show, in so far as the actors are concerned. It is a play in which the author does most toward the entertainment of his audience.

OPERATIONS ON 'CHANGE.

Some Slight Improvements Before Demoralizing Factors Were Felt.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The prices of stocks fluctuated very widely and very easily to-day, traversing the range up and down many times. The most formidable event in to-day's happenings so far as any effect on values was concerned was the further postponement of the announcement of the Supreme court's decision in the Nabraska maximum freight rate cases, which was confidently expected to-day. There has been assurance felt in the Wall Street circles that the verdict in this case would be favorable to the railroads, and even if a favorable verdict had been announced to-day, profit taking would probably have led to declines in the stocks affected. But the news of the postponement led to the circulation of rumors that the verdict would in fact affirm the validity of the contested statutes. This rumor induced much selling. Special weakness was induced also in the coalers by the very discouraging reports of the condition of that industry due to over production, cutting in prices and the mild weather. There was not lacking the stock war scare, which was made to do duty again to-day. These demoralizing factors did not begin to be felt until some slight improvement over Saturday's close had been effected in prices, Sugar leading the way. There was a notable improvement also from the low point before the close of the day, due to covering of shorts, and on a supreme court decision against the interstate commerce commission as the the regulation of rates under the long and short haul clause where water rates are in competition. In consequence of this rise at the opening, and improvement at the close, declines are much diminished. New Jersey Central registered an extreme decline at 5¾; St. Joe and Grand Island first preferred, of 5; Delewares, Manhattan, 4; and Sugar, 4⅝; Omaha and Lake Shore, 3¼¾; Cotton Oil, Leather preferred, Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis preferred, and Illinois steel from 3 to 3½ each, and Burlington, Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis, Missouri Pacific, Reading first pfd., Illinois Central, Northwest and other prominent stocks from 2 to 2¾. Burlington being largely affected by the Nebraska maximum freight law. St. Paul was quite notably firm on London buying. Sugar was very active throughout the day, and was quite sensitive to attack. Detroit Gas was a notable exception to the weakness on the list, with a net gain of 7½ points. Cotton Oil gained 2½ net.

The Evening Post says: Encouragement growing out of their successes last week led operators for the decline to extend their sphere of activity in to-day's market. In the absence of any resistance to their movement, security values declined sharply after the opening and the subsequent feeble recoveries which occurred before the close of business were inadequate to restore the prices of the general list to the levels made at the opening. London was a moderate buyer of stocks when trading began but ceased when the market broke.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: This morning the market was quiet and irregular. Americans opened steady on the rise in New York followed by small and feeble purchases here; then New York began to sell and the markets at once dropped, closing flat. A few more such days will probably exhaust the patience of such few bulls as exist here. Grand Trunk's were strong on reports that negotiations are proceeding favorably in arranging a new freight route with the Wabash system, over the loop line of the old Great Western company and via the New York, Ontario & Western to New York. The Paris and Berlin markets were quiet.

Closing quotations: Amn. Tobacco, 76½; do. pfd, 109¾; Amn. Sugar, 130¼; do. pfd. 110; Amn. Spirits, 8½; Canada Southern, 51½; C. & O., 20¼; Chicago Gas, 93⅞; C. & N.W., 115½; C.M. & St. Paul, 89½; Con. Gas, N.Y., 196; C. C. C. & S. L., 31½; D. & H., 107½; Gen. Electric, 31¼; Hocking Valley, 6; J. C. 83; Lac. Gas, 39; L. E. & W., 14⅞; do. pfd, 66; L. & N., 52¼; Man., 95½; Mo. Pacific, 26½; National Lead, 31½; North American, 4; Northern Pacific, 16½, do. pfd, 49¾; N. Y. C., 104¼; N.Y.L. E. & W., 14¼; first pfd, 34; Omaha, 74; Pacific Mail, 29; P. & R., 29¼; Sou. ry, 18; do. pfd, 27½; T. C. & I., 23; Texas Pacific, 10; U.S. Leather, 7; do. pfd, 59¾; U. P., 19¾; Wabash, pfd, 16¼; W. U., 84¾; C. P.R. in London, 83½; Com. Cable in Montreal, 179¾.

Prime mercantile paper, 3¾ per cent. Sterling exchange easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85¾ for demand and at $4.82½ to $4.82¾ for sixty days. Posted rates, $4.83½ and $4.86½. Commercial bills, $4.81¾.

Bar silver, 57⅞c.; Mexican dollars, 44¾c.; copper, dull; brokers, $10.87½; exchange, $10.85 to $11. Lead, dull; domestic brokers, $3.75; exchange, $3.85 to $3.90. Tin, very quiet; straits, $13.65 to $13.75; plates, easy. Rosin, steady; strained, common to good, $1.40 to $1.45. Turpentine, steady, 30½ to 31c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Spot wheat, No. 1 red, 99¼c., f.o.b. afloat; ungraded red, $1.01¼; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 98¼c.; No. 1 hard, Duluth, $1.00¼; No. 1 Northern, New York, 97¼c. Options opened weak and with few exceptions were very heavy all day, closing ¼ to ½c. net lower, on depressing influences, including lower cables, bearish weekly statistics, rain in the West and liquidation. No. 2 red, Jan., closed 96¾c.; May, 93¾c.; Nov., 85⅝c.; Dec., 96¾c.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Wheat closed: No. 2 Jan., 92⅝c.; Dec., new, 92⅞c.; May, 90¼ to 90⅜c. Corn, No. 2 May, 30c.; Dec., 26½c. Oats, No. 2 Dec., 19¾c.; May., 21⅞ to 22c. Mess pork, $7.65; Jan., $8.60. Short ribs, Dec., $4.45; Jan., $4.50.

AN extra of the British Columbia Gazette published yesterday contains an order-in-council extending for two months the time in which the finance minister shall make his final report in regard to the districts affected by the Dyking Debenture Act. This is done because while the finance minister is in a position to report on some of the districts, negotiations are still pending as regards others, and it has thus been found advisable to have an extension of time.

E. M. JOHNSON

ESTABLISHED 1879.

NOTARY PUBLIC, REAL ESTATE AGENT, CONVEYANCER AND FINANCIAL AGENT.

GRAND FORKS,

KETTLE RIVER MINING DIVISION, B.C.

Situated on the Banks of the Kettle River and the North Fork Junction, in the vicinity of the many valuable locations recently made on the Colville Reservation at Christina Lake, the North Fork of the Kettle River and the Eastern Slopes of Boundary Mountain.

THE TOWN OF GRAND FORKS Has sprung into existence within the last year; early in the spring the place consisted of a few houses. Owing to the rapid opening of the Mines and the travel and traffic consequent on between 4,000 and 6,000 claims having been located, there are now estimated to be over 200 houses and 500 people residing in the town. The principal buildings consist of a three-story and several two-story Hotels, General Stores, Butchers, Bakers, Post Office, The Grand Forks Miner Newspaper Office, Brewery, Assembly Rooms, &c., &c., and all the usual Dry Goods, Millinery, Furniture and other businesses, which with several fine dwellings go to make up a busy town. Surveyors, Lawyers, Assayers, Real Estate Agents, Share and Mine Brokers are now established in business in this place.

AN APPLICATION Is now pending to the Provincial Legislature for an Act of Incorporation, and notices given of two separate Private Bills for Water, Electric Light and Power Companies, also Telephone, Water, etc. All in connecction with and to supply the Town of Grand Forks and Suburbs.

LOTS OF 25X120 FEET Are now selling in the Townsite as at present laid out at prices from **$250 to $550.** These lots run about 14 to the acre.

Suburban ✦ Five-Acre ✦ Blocks.

Equal to about 70 Townsite Lots, will be offered for sale on Most Reasonable Terms and at prices which are less per acre than the price of a single Townsite Lot.

THE SALE IS NOW ON And affords opportunity for investment in property in a District now universally acknowledged as the coming Mining Centre of the Province. These Blocks are Adapted for Residences, Orchards or Future Subdivision.

OF THE FUTURE PROSPECTS Of the District, but few words are necessary. Three Lines of Railway are projected to and through this property. The Spokane Falls & Northern are reported to be ready to build in the spring; the Columbia & Western Line, as may be seen at the Lands and Works Office, is projected through the land; The People's Line from the Coast also passes this point, and the C.P.R. Surveyors have run lines through the land during the past year.

A POWERFUL MINING & SMELTING CO. Report their intention of building a **500-Ton Smelter** in the close proximity of this land, and the owners have been applied to for a site for this purpose. Such an industry is warranted from the fact that the Great Volcanic Mine, said to be the largest deposit of copper gold ore now known, purposes to smelt the product of their mine at this point. The Projected Roads make it the most convenient receiving and shipping point, and a leading Bank is said to be about to open an Agency, as the employment of the requiaed labor will circulate a no small sum of money each month.

Maps of the District, Subdivision Maps, etc., can be seen and all information as to Prices and Terms obtained on application to

E. M. JOHNSON,

P.O. Address Box 188. **37 Government Street, Victoria, B.C.,**

Telephone No. 74. AGENT FOR THE OWNERS

GOLD MEDALS and highest awards at the Expositions have always been awarded to *ADAMS'*

Tutti-Frutti

See that the trade mark name "Tutti Frutti" is on each 5c. package.

All others are Imitations. 15$

FREE. Send your address (write plainly) to Adams & Sons Co., 11 & 13 Jarvis St., Toronto, Ont., and one Tutti Frutti wrapper, and you will receive two beautiful paper dolls with movable heads and bodies free.

NOTICE.

STOCK CERTIFICATES
STOCK LEDGERS,
STOCK JOURNALS
MINERS' PAY SHEETS,
MINERS' CASH ABSTRACTS!
MINING REPORTS!
MINING MAPS AND PLANS
SEALS.

LITHOGRAPHED LETTER PRESS

WRITE FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES TO

THE COLONIST, VICTORIA.

THE

KLONDYKE GOLD FIELDS

ARE IN CANADA.

Goods purchased elsewhere than in Canada are subject to Customs Duty on entering the Yukon. Strong force of Customs Officers and Mounted Police stationed at the Passes Customs Certificates on purchases in Canada will prevent any delay from Canadian or United States officials.

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA,

Is the best place to Fit Out and Sail from. All Steamboats going North start from or call at Victoria.

G. A. KIRK,
President B. C. Board of Trade.

Bank of British Columbia

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (with power to increase) £500,000 $2,920,000
RESERVE ..... £100,000 $ 486,666

HEAD OFFICE, 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA: Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops, Nelson, Sandon, and Kaslo.

IN THE UNITED STATES: San Francisco and Portland.

Agents and Correspondents: In Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. In United States—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In Australia and New Zealand—Bank of Australasia. In Honolulu—Bishop & Co.

Branches of this Bank are now open at Sandon and Kaslo, B.C.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed thereon.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.
Victoria, B.C., November, 1896. GEO. GILLESPIE Manager

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry

TIME TABLE No. 19,
To take effect at 7 a.m. on Thursday, Nov. 4, 1897. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH—READ DOWN.

	Daily	Sat'day
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington	A.M. 9:00	P.M. 3:00
Ar. Nanaimo	12:15	6 11
Ar. Wellington	12:40	6 50

GOING SOUTH—READ UP.

	Daily	Sat'day
Ar. Victoria	A.M. 12:07	P.M. 7:00
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8:51	3:43
Lv. Wellington for Victoria	8:30	3 20

For rates and information apply at Company's offices.
A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, General Freight and Passenger Agent.
oc29

TO THE EAST. **GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY** TO THE Kootenai.

Passengers have choice of morning or evening boat from Victoria.

OVERLAND..... Leaves Seattle 4:00 p.m. Arrives " 10:30 a.m.
COAST LINE ... Leaves Seattle 8:15 a.m. Arrives " 6:15 p.m.

For further information call on or address
R. C. STEVENS, G.W.P.A., Seattle. J. H. ROGERS, Agent, 75 Government St.

SPOKANE FALLS & NORTHERN,

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD, RED MOUNTAIN RY'S.

The Only All-Rail Route, without change of cars, between Spokane, Rossland and Nelson. Also between Nelson and Rossland.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY:

Leave.		Arrive.
7:00 a.m.	Spokane	7:00 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Rossland	3:25 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	Nelson	5:20 p.m.

Close connections at Nelson with steamer for Kaslo and all Kootenay Lake Points.
Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

The Colonist.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1897.

Published Every Day except Monday by The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

W. H. ELLIS, - - MANAGER.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year, postage free to any part of Canada.....$10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week, if delivered..... 20

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST.

Published Every Monday and Thursday.

Per year, postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States..... $1 50
Six months..... 75
Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates, per line, solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:

More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 50 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.

Not more than one week, 30 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted other than for every day insertion.

Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1.00; funeral notices, 50 cents extra.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

VANCOUVER:

Branch Office of THE COLONIST, 609 Hastings street. A. GOODMAN, Agent.

ANANIAS REDIVIVUS.

We print an interview with Collector Milne this morning and venture to say that the statement he makes is almost unparalleled in the history of journalism. The subject of his remarks is the so-called interview with him printed in the Seattle Post-Intelligencer of Friday, which he pronounces a pure invention. He denies in the most emphatic way that he gave an interview on the subject of duties on goods taken into the Yukon to a representative of the Post-Intelligencer or any other newspaper. Mr. Milne is a gentleman whose word will be taken on this subject, and we therefore feel warranted in saying that the Post-Intelligencer has been guilty of knowingly publishing a deliberate falsehood. We can conceive of no greater offence against the public than that of which the Seattle paper has been guilty. In order that the nature of the outrage may be better understood, we give some of the facts of the case.

The Post-Intelligencer on Friday printed an interview in double-column width, in order to give emphasis to it, placed above it a great head like a handbill and set occasional sentences in a heavy faced letter. Nothing was lacking to make the so-called interview appear as an authoritative statement coming from "the Chief Officer of the Service," as Collector Milne was described. The interview purported to be a special dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer and bore date Victoria, November 4. The interview began with some complimentary references to the Collector, and then the interviewer went on to say that he had prepared a list of questions before calling on the Collector. "He received me with courtesy," says this lineal descendant of Ananias, "and devoted an hour to giving the information sought." Then follow the questions, and then a long interview in quotation marks from Mr. Milne.

We regret for the honor of journalism to be compelled to brand this whole thing as untrue. No newspaper man sought or obtained an interview with Collector Milne; no one ever prepared a series of questions for him to answer; he never gave an hour to anyone, newspaper man or anyone else, to explain the policy which Canada will follow in regard to the Yukon trade.

"Collector Milne reached for his letter file," says this unparalleled interview, and so on. We say most frankly that on any other authority than that of Mr. Milne himself, we would refuse to believe that any paper would have been guilty of such a base and dishonorable act. By what principle of conduct the Seattle paper will seek to defend its infamy we are unable to imagine. Mr. Milne recalls that a person, who said he was going to the Yukon, called on him to ask what amount of goods would be exempted; but not even to this person did he speak as he is reported in the Post-Intelligencer, and the conversation was in no sense an interview, but simply the case of a business man calling to make a few business inquiries, which did not occupy ten minutes time. Collector Milne is unable to imagine any other incident than this that could be twisted by the most infamous ingenuity into an interview, and if the Post-Intelligencer has had the baseness to amplify a short private conversation on business into a newspaper interview, it has parted with its last fragment of respectability. The occurrence is a most painful one, for it places Mr. Milne in a false position and compels us to speak in such terms of a contemporary.

WILL THEY FIGHT?

Will the United States and Spain go to war? The question is of great interest to the whole civilized world and especially so to Canada, for anything that touches the welfare or the future of our great neighbor touches us only second to what affects the welfare of our own Empire. There seems to be a very general impression that they will. The United States has gone so far that it can hardly recede without a compliance by Spain with its wishes in regard to Cuba, and these are more than the Spanish monarchy can grant without precipitating a revolution at home. It is probably very true that the average Spaniard cares nothing about Cuba and that to the most of the people of the kingdom the island represents a grave wherein some of her best sons and much of her treasure has been buried; but for all that Spain cannot let go her grasp upon the colony without such a upheaval as will overthrow the throne. The nations of Europe recognize this and may not be unwilling to prevent it. Spain must realize that however successful she might be for a time in an encounter with the United States, however able a resistance she might be able to make, in the end defeat would be inevitable and Cuba would be lost. The actual present fighting force of the United States is not great, but its reserve force is enormous and in time this would be available. It therefore seems highly unlikely that Spain would risk an armed collision unless assured of at least strong moral backing from one or more of the Continental powers. We do not suggest that any power would espouse the cause of Spain at the outset and act offensively against the United States, but just as Great Britain interfered when the Czar's troops were in sight of Constantinople and prevented Russia from reaping the full harvest of her success in the last war with Turkey, so when it came to the settling of terms of peace between Spain and the United States, it is possible that one or more of the European nations might interfere.

There are reasons why they might desire to take such a course. If Cuba passes out of the control of Spain owing to pressure or victory on the part of the United States, what is miscalled the Monroe doctrine will straightway assume a highly aggravated form. Germany has designs upon a portion of South America. France has by no means abandoned her claims to the region between the recognized boundary of Guiana and the Amazon. The lust for territory is upon the nations of Europe as never before, and there is something in the claim that so inferior a stock as that which possesses South America should not be allowed to control a continent which in some respects is the richest and most desirable of the earth's surface. That South America has not played a great role in human history is due to the character of the people who inhabit it and not to its lack of natural possibilities. We may feel very sure that if the government at Washington is allowed to dictate the future of Cuba, it will claim the right to exercise the same prerogative in regard to the whole of South America. The nations of continental Europe will not view any such consummation as that with equanimity.

We do not believe that Spain will receive either physical or moral support from Great Britain in any struggle with the United States. The people of England would never countenance anything that resembled an attempt to fasten oppression on the people of Cuba. Moreover, Great Britain would not raise any great objection to an agreement with the United States whereby the acquisition of any territory in South America by her continental rivals could be prevented. Such a war would probably result in a rapprochement between the two great English-speaking nations.

In the event of war many things not now discussed would happen. For instance, the sea would probably swarm with privateers and many of our neighbor's cities would suffer severely. The United States not having entered into the convention prohibiting privateering, Spain would be at liberty to employ that means of warfare against her, and while the American navy is very formidable, it is not numerically strong enough to guard the whole coast. Take, for example, the Pacific Coast. It is vulnerable at several points, and there are not enough vessels on the North Pacific station to defend it. San Francisco being the chief city, would call for most of the ships, which would leave exposed the ports of Southern California, Portland and the cities of Puget Sound to the raid of privateers. So too on the Atlantic coast. The great strength of the navy would be gathered to defend New York, and this would leave the rest of the Atlantic and Gulf seaboard practically defenceless against swift steaming armed craft. If Spain acted with vigor she could inflict many severe blows upon her enemy at the outset, by destroying property of immense value and levying tribute to large amounts. If the United States' fleet could get a fair chance it would make short work of anything that Spain can put afloat, but nothing short of the navy of Great Britain could hope to defend the long coast line against privateers. On the other hand the United States could not accomplish very much in the way of retaliation, for the reason that the Spanish seaboard cities are fewer and better defended. The plan of campaign which the United States would probably pursue would be to pour troops into Cuba and capture that island, to buy ships wherever money could get them and chase the Spanish privateers from the ocean. This could be successfully done, but before it had been accomplished many of the seaboard cities would doubtless be made to experience the horrors of war, or at least the sensation of being held up at the cannon's mouth for the payment of ransom.

THE ALL-CANADIAN ROUTE.

It is satisfactory to know that the provincial government intends to take early steps to secure the opening of a road from the Stickeen river to Teslin lake, and that the expenditure may in the first place be for the purpose of opening a road that can be used by sleighs in the winter. The Dominion government is also fully alive to the importance of this step and will undoubtedly co-operate with the province in making a summer trail, if no more. We have also the best reason to believe that the Dominion government will either itself construct a railway to Teslin lake or substantially aid a company in so doing. That an all-Canadian route will be assured may be taken for granted, and it is also absolutely certain that it will be ready for traffic early next year.

The step is important for several considerations, and for none more than to prevent a recurrence of the scenes of Skagway during the past season. We have not been of those who have condemned the Skagway trail, for the reason that we understood the nature of the trail from the start and represented its nature correctly as one that was sufficient for the purpose it was intended for, which was not to provide a way for thousands of people and horses to cross the Divide in a hurry. The constructors of the trail were building something primarily for their own use, and that it broke down when subject to extraordinary pressure was no fault of theirs nor sufficient ground to condemn the trail as useless. At the same time it is obvious that next year, beginning as early as January, there will be a rush of people into the Yukon and the greater part of the people will seek the Stickeen-Teslin route. It is of prime importance therefore that nothing should be left undone which will prevent a repetition of such scenes as transpired on Skagway trail. The Canadian route must not receive a black eye at the outset if a reasonable expenditure of money can prevent it, and only a reasonable sum is necessary.

There is probably no one thing which the provincial government can do that will be viewed with more general approval than the immediate opening of a road to Teslin lake. It will mean very much to the business interests of this city as well as of Vancouver, Nanaimo and New Westminster. In fighting the battle for the Yukon trade, the COLONIST has felt that it was working almost as much in the interests of the other cities named as in those of Victoria, for the reason that the amount of outfitting to be done will give the merchants of all the British Columbia coast cities all they can attend to, provided the business is directed into the right channels. So also anything which either government or both of them can do to further the trade from Canadian cities to the Canadian Yukon through Canadian territory will be of as much value to one locality as another. It is, as we have said, highly satisfactory to feel assured of the readiness of both governments to co-operate in this matter.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.

Yesterday's steamer from Seattle brought to this city about twelve hundred sheep from Oregon. Saturday's steamer brought more than seven hundred, and there are several hundred more on the way. Probably the receipts of Oregon sheep in Victoria during ten days will reach nearly to 2,500 head. This large number of animals is not being brought in because of any exceptional demand for them here, but simply for the reason that the price of sheep is going up, and it seems good policy to buy now rather than wait until later. Speaking of the supply of sheep and wool in the United States, "Farming" says that there is less than one-half in sight of what next year's market will demand. The consequence is that ranchers everywhere are holding sheep for a rise, and the last market report from Chicago says that farmers in the Middle West are buying all the sheep they can get for feeding.

We mention this matter for the purpose of emphasizing what we have already referred to as to the immense importance of the farmers of British Columbia giving their attention to the raising of sheep to supply the home market. There is a steady demand now, and this will certainly be greatly increased as the population of the province and the requirements of the Yukon increase. We, therefore, again urge upon the farmers of British Columbia to give closer attention to sheep-raising. They can depend upon it that nothing will yield them greater returns for the money invested. It is safe to say that, enlarge their flocks as rapidly as they may, our farmers cannot hope to supply the home market during the next few years.

So Theodore Durrant is to be hanged. Perhaps this statement is premature as all that is known is that the United States Supreme court will not interfere.

SIR JOHN MACDONALD AND THE C. P. R.

The Baroness Macdonald in her review article has hardly given a correct idea of the circumstances attending the construction of the Canadian Pacific railway. In its brief comments upon her observations, the COLONIST said that they had the charm of entire novelty. They seem open to another criticism, namely, that they are either indefinite or erroneous. It is a part of the history of Canada that the original idea for the building of the transcontinental line was by means of a company, of which Sir Hugh Allan was to be the head. When Alexander Mackenzie came into power he went on with the work as a government undertaking, and during the early part of the second Macdonald regime contracts were let for the construction of portions of the line. Experience showed that government construction was attended with enormous difficulties, and the resolution was formed to abandon it. The contract was according let to the Stephen-Smith syndicate, a part of the terms being that the government should complete the work then in hand and turn it over to the syndicate together with a bonus of $25,000,000 and 25,000,000 acres of land.

This statement of the case is not quite consistent with Lady Macdonald's explanation as published, but it may be that she has reference to something of which the public has no knowledge. As we have shown, the government deliberately abandoned the construction of the road as a public work, and it is hardly possible that this would have been done without the full knowledge and approval of the Premier.

THE appointment of Mr. William Templeman to the position of Senator *vice* the Hon. Mr. McInnes, who becomes Lieutenant-Governor, will cause a good deal of hard feeling in Liberal ranks. So far as the COLONIST is concerned, although it has not often been able to see eye to eye with Mr. Templeman on public questions and has had many a heated controversy with the paper controlled by him, it most cordially congratulates him upon his political promotion and hopes that he may long enjoy his new honors. Mr. Templeman is in a position to do much good to the province and we feel sure will spare no effort to make his appointment reflect credit upon the government by which it has been made.

THE Inland Sentinel is wrong. The COLONIST does not find itself unable to second the efforts of those who wish to see a way opened to the Yukon through Central British Columbia. There is no project that will open British Columbia or any part of it which the COLONIST will not second, unless the project is utterly unreasonable, which that in question is not.

THE East Kootenay Miner has begun an interesting series in papers on the district in which it is published. This is as laudable work as a newspaper can be engaged in.

THE CANADIAN PRESS.

TO JUMP ON UNCLE SAM.

We have let ourselves be humbugged long enough by them, and we say retaliation for retaliation. Look after the British subject first; he is, and should be, all in all.—Nanaimo Review.

THE PATRIOTISM OF BUSINESS.

The Mail and Empire points out that both Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Foster in opposition are patriotically promoting the mining industry. The position is sound. There is more true patriotism in a little business enterprise and productive energy than in volumes of speeches. It is gratifying to see the truer line of patriotism receiving due recognition.—Toronto Globe.

RIGHT YOU ARE.

It is the duty of the provincial government to do everything within their power to secure to British Columbia the Yukon trade.—Inland Sentinel.

POSSIBILITIES OF KOOTENAY.

The deepest workings in Kootenay are down only 600 feet, but it is safe to say that the present development of the mines of the district would easily admit of an annual production of $25,000,000 worth of gold, silver, copper and lead if adequate smelting and transportation facilities existed. The enormous production of the Virginia City mines was confined to the Comstock vein. In the Kootenay and Boundary districts there are several surface showings that fully equal those of the wonderful Nevada camp, and there is, besides, a territory 400 miles square in southeastern British Columbia that is seamed with precious metal deposits from one end to the other. —Rossland Miner.

To artificially bleach the hair will destroy its growth; but if the hair inclines to grayness, assist nature to arrest it with Hall's Hair Renewer.

The dyspeptic carries a dreadful load on his back. It seems as if he were really made up of two men. One of them ambitious, brainy and energetic; the other sick, listless, peevish and without force. The weak man weighs the other one down. The dyspeptic may be able to do pretty good work one day, and the next day because of some little indiscretion in eating, he may be able to do nothing at all. Most cases of dyspepsia start with constipation. Constipation is the cause of nine-tenths of all human sickness. Some of its symptoms are sick and bilious headache, dizziness, sour stomach, loss of appetite, foul breath, windy belchings, heartburn, pain and distress after eating. All these are indicative of derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels, and all are caused by constipation. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the quickest, easiest and most certain cure for this condition. They are not violent in action.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER, illustrated.

When dizzy or drowsy take BECHAM'S PILLS.

EVERYBODY WANTS THEM!

Our Bargains.

Business is increasing steadily each day since we announced that we would retire on 31st December. Everything is cut. You can buy Stationery, Fancy Goods, Novels, etc., cheaper now than you ever did.

Boxes of Note Paper with Envelopes to match, 5c. each.
Boxes of Note Paper with Envelopes to match, 10c. each.
5-quire package of Note Paper at from 20c. up. . . .
5,000 25c. Paper Novels at 15c. each. . . . . .
75c. Colonial Library at 65c. each. . . . . .
Come and Price and Sample our Envelopes. You never Saw Such Values. . . . . .
Shannon Files, Letter or Cap, complete with Perforator, Index and Cover, at $1.50 each. . . . . .
Blank Books, Memorandum Books, Letter Copying Books, at 25 per cent. off. . . . . .

Have you looked at our Bibles in the new binding? You can roll or twist them up in any shape, as if they had no back, and they come right back. A hundred per cent. better than the old and at a fraction of the price. Can sell you a Teachers' Bible, leather binding, Indian paper, that would have cost in old binding $4.00 for $1.75,

Don't Overlook Us if You Need Anything in Our Line. Money Is Not Plentiful Enough to Throw Away.

JAMIESON,

BOOKS AND STATIONERY, 61 GOVERMENT STREET. TELEPHONE NO. 63.

Victoria's . . . Business Men

Encouraged by the BRIGHT PROSPECTS which are before them, they take in the situation and make preparations in order to benefit from improved conditions. . . . . .

WEILER BROS.

Are Wide Awake. The different lines they handle at 51 to 55 Fort Street are too numerous to mention. BUT they invite inspection and will be pleased to show you through their great establishment.

BY WAY OF VARIETY.

In the Kitchen—First Burglar—I'm sorry for dese folks.

Second Burglar—Oh, I guess dey can stand de damage.

First Burglar—'Taint dat. But I'm sorry for people wid a cook dat makes such plum puddin' as dis.

A Father's Mean Trick.—Enamored youth—I beg you, sir, for the hand of your daughter. I cannot live without her.

Old Grumps—Glad to hear it. I can't live with her. Name the day, young man, and have it soon.

Enamored youth (backing off)—Um—er—please give me time to reflect.

Data Necessary—"I want to buy a cane," she said, as she stripped into the store.

"For a young man, I suppose?" asked the polite clerk.

"Yes."

"Did you bring his measure?"

"His measure? I didn't know that a man had to be measured for a cane."

"Well, we ought to have the size of his mouth."

At Klondyke—Juneau Jack—What are they lynching Sands, the grocer, for?

Placer Pete—He was caught putting gold dust in his sugar.

Unreasonable Man—"Man's a awful unreasonin' critter," said old Mrs. Blurdekins. "He kicks if his wife don't look neat all the time around the house, and he kicks if she don't wear all her old clothes plumb to rags."

Family Compliments—"You're no longer a spring chicken," sneered the angry husband.

"But you're the same old goose," came the answer with a snap.

The Corn-fed Philosopher—"Though it may not be true," said the corn-fed philosopher, "that every man has his price, yet, when he does have his price, it is always a heap bigger than his intrinsic value."

We have just the class of goods you need in lace curtains, blankets, table linens, etc.; give us a trial. Weiler Bros. x

If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

Mining Companies' office stationery a specialty at the COLONIST office. x

GOLD pans at Cheapside. x

TO CONTRACTORS.

House for Officer in Charge of Works, H.M. Naval Yard, Esquimalt. Tenders are Invited for the Erection of the Above Brick Building.

Drawings, specifications and conditions of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained on application to the Assistant Civil Engineer.

Tenders must be sealed, endorsed on the outside "House for officer in charge of works," and addressed to the Naval Storekeeper. They will be received up to noon of Tuesday, the 16th inst. The Admiralty do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

H. M. Navy Yard, Esquimalt, 6th November, 1897. no7

TENDERS

Will be received up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 18th day of November, 1897, for the purchase of the following properties: 12-roomed one and a half story house, No. 26 Rupert street on part of City Lot, No. 1195; also for part of City Lot No. 1217, corner of Rupert and Collinson streets. Seperate tenders to be addressed to the undersigned. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For further particulars, apply

LEE & FRASER,
no6 9 and 11 Trounce Ave.

TENDERS

Will be received up to 12 o'clock noon, 16th November, 1897, for the purchase of the following well known property: *STEVENS HOTEL* and *FARM* (about 510 acres), Lake District, Saanich. Two good orchards bearing; fine situation; about six miles from post office. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For description and full particulars apply to

SWINNERTON & ODDY,
oc12 106 Government St., Victoria, B C.

COAL AND WOOD.

Tel 491. SWINNERTON & ODDY,

106 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Rigby Waterproofs & Overcoats

$7.00, $10.00, $12.00.

MACKINTOSHES,

$8.00, $10.00, $12.00. Best Values.

B. Williams & Co.

CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS 97 JOHNSON STREET.

QUALITY THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

WEIGHT GUARANTEED.

TELEPHONE 83. 100 GOVERNMENT STREET

A Few Good Things

Worthy of This Week's Consideration.

Received to-day direct from London, England, one case very latest styles in

RAIN CLOAKS Remember cheapness is not the essential item in Waterproof buying. Our prices are correct in this branch and every garment is warranted. Also to-day from London, England, a small shipment of

GOLF JERSEYS These may be procured to advantage at once. Latest styles and moderate prices govern this department. Again—Per express to day more new

JACKETS These are late fashions, superior quality and finish, and at cheap rates. Not so cheap that there is no value left in them, but comprise a grand line of high class coats at moderate figures.

The Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & CO., Imporetrs.

AUCTION SALES.

Nov. 9—Furniture. W. T. Hardaker.

NORWICH • UNION,

Fire Insurance Society,
Of England.

HEISTERMAN & CO.
General Agents.

THE CITY.

THE Valhalla society are giving a masquerade ball at Oliver's hall this evening.

THE Topeka, which goes North on the 11th inst., will carry a mail for Dawson City.

THE School Board meet to-morrow evening at the office of B. Williams, the secretary.

The Badminton, Vancouver, management H. R. Stratton. Strictly first-class. Rates, $2 upwards. x

MINING camp cutlery, sheath knives, knives and forks, in single sets; heavy pocket knives, at Fox's, 78 Government street. x

LADIES taking advantage of the free instructions given at the Y.M.C.A. parlors will do well to inspect our stock of Belding's silks and stamped linen. The Sterling, 88 Yates street. x

REV. MR. SPEER'S lecture on "Singers and their songs," to be given in the A.O.U.W. hall this evening, will doubtless attract a large audience. This lecture has received most favorable notice wherever it has been delivered. The subject is one of great interest, and the ability of Mr. Speer to deal with it is unquestioned.

THE Ladies' Aid of the Congregational church purpose holding their second annual sale of work, consisting of useful and fancy articles, to-morrow, in the Temperance hall, commencing at 2 o'clock. Supper and other refreshments will be provided at small cost and an interesting programme will be gone through in the evening.

ON Friday evening, Mr. Vernon, late of Australia, will give a lime light exhibition in aid of the Second Victoria Company of the Boys' Brigade at the hall on Kingston street. Mr. Vernon has an excellent dissolving view lantern, among other scenes being Jameson's Ride from the start to the surrender of his force. There are also many comic and interesting views.

THE rehearsals for F. Victor Austin's choral and orchestral concert, which will be given for the benefit of the B. C. Benevolent Society, commenced last night, when the orchestra had their first rehersal, and to-night the chorus meet for the first time, in the Pioneer hall, Broad street. As the concert is to be given very shortly, all members are earnestly asked to be prompt at this first rehearsal and all succeeding ones.

THE Saturday Evening Concert in Temperance hall under the auspices of Perseverance lodge, I.O.G.T., and under the direction of Mr. J. G. Brown, was well patronized and a splendid programme rendered. These concerts are for a worthy object, viz., the reduction of the debt on the hall, and friends of temperance are asked to support the lodge in their efforts. Next Saturday evening the programme will be in charge of Mr. G. F. Watson, and already a number of local favorites have consented to assist.

THE final agenda and arrangements for the annual meeting on December 13 were passed by the Local Council of Women at their meeting held yesterday afternoon at the city hall. In reference to the proposed cooking classes, a letter was received from Miss Livingstone, who is to conduct them, stating that she could not be in Victoria until the spring. A resolution was passed giving the Friendly Help Society representation on the executive of the council. A resolution of condolence on the death of Mrs. Edmunds was passed, and a report from the committee on the deaf and dumb received.

A SHORT time ago Mr. F. Elworthy, secretary of the Board of Trade, wrote to a well known English paper pointing out how, by natural position and other advantages, British Columbia coast points were most favorable to fit out for the Yukon. The result has been a perfect shower of letters of inquiry from the Old Country, besides letters giving some valuable suggestions as to how best to circulate the information about British Columbia in the British isles. This is mentioned to show how much may be accomplished by one letter to a newspaper, and to encourage citizens of Victoria who came from outside places to send individual letters to some newspaper in those places pointing out British Columbia's real advantages as an outfitting point.

Overcoats and Scotch Tweed Suits at W. & J. Wilson's.

CARPENTER tools at Cheapside. x

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A BOGUS INTERVIEW.

Collector Milne Brands the Post-Intelligencer's Effusion As a Falsehood.

He Never Accorded Any Interview to a Representative of the Seattle Paper.

Collector Milne yesterday emphatically denounced as a fabrication the alleged interview with him which appeared in the Seattle Post-Intelligencer on November 4. He states that he never gave an interview to a representative of the Seattle paper, and the statements made there as to his position are false. The alleged interview sought to create the impression that the Canadian customs officials would not strictly enforce the law, and that there seemed a chance of the 100 pounds exemption being extended, or at least that miners coming from the United States with supplies next year would be dealt with very leniently. Mr. Milne denies that he has ever given anyone to understand such a thing. "Why," said he yesterday, "my position has been that the exemption should be done away with, and in a letter to the department of customs at Ottawa a month ago I pressed upon the Dominion government the desirability of discontinuing the exemption by the end of the present year."

Mr. Milne was highly indignant that the Seattle paper should have treated him so badly by publishing a false interview.

The only newspaper man he had seen, he said, was a gentleman who came in at the beginning of this month asking some information as to the tariff on goods brought into Canada, and stating that he was one of a large party who were bound for the Yukon. Mr. Milne gave his visitor a copy of the tariff, and in response to a question as to where was the best place to lay in supplies, replied that without question British Columbia was the best place. His visitor then inquired what were the articles which would be taken in free under the 100 pounds exemption. Mr. Milne informed him that this would have to be decided by the customs officers on Tagish lake, but it might be depended upon that the law would be very strictly enforced. As the visitor rose to retire he remarked casually that he used to be a member of the Oregonian staff, but now he was going to try his fortunes in the Yukon. That was the only newspaper man Mr. Milne saw, and none of the information that he gave to that gentleman could be distorted into the bogus interview that appeared in the Post-Intelligencer.

TO WORK GOLDEN SAND.

A British Columbia Enterprise Incorporated to Operate on the Yukon.

A new British Columbia company which will go into the mineral business in the Yukon has just been incorporated under the new companies act. It is entitled the Yukon Pioneer Goldfields Co. Ltd., (non personal liability) the capital stock being $200,000. The provisional directors are, Hon. Edgar Dewdney, F. B. Pemberton and J. T. Bethune, of Victoria; W. R. Robertson, of Vancouver and Howard Franklin, C.E., the Yukon explorer. This company will operate under a novel system which is Mr. Franklin's idea. Instead of working on shore it is intended to have the machinery for mining on a flat-bottom steamer which will proceed up the Yukon and operate on the rich tributaries. Just how the operations are to carried out is Mr. Franklin's secret but it is expected to handle from 700 to 1,000 yards of dirt a day. The flat bottom boat, which is to be about 75 feet long, will be built in Victoria, fitted with powerful machinery to propel the boat up the Yukon, and have besides the necessary machinery for working the bars and benches of gravel in the places where it is intended to operate. The little steamer will then be loaded on a sailing vessel and carried to St. Michael's, where she will be launched and proceed up the Yukon by means of her own motive power. It is expected that the vessel will be built and ready to leave Victoria in February. The force required to work her will be thirteen men.

YESTERDAY, as Mr. F. S. Barnard, managing director of the tramway company, was driving home along Government street his horse shied and ran away. Mr. Barnard losing the reins jumped out of the vehicle, and in so doing fell and broke his leg just above the ankle. He was carried to a house near by and a carriage being called he was taken to the St. Joseph's hospital, where the broken limb was set. The patient was doing very well at last accounts.

A Popular Company.

When the Kickapoos were about to close their engagement at New Westminster, some weeks ago, a large number of the best citizens petitioned them to remain longer. This was caused by the great amount of good done by their remedies and the inability of the company to wait upon the large number of people who desired to investigate their remedies. The Kickapoo Indian remedies have made such marvellous cures that the most skeptical must believe when they see the effects of the medicine All the Kickapoo Indian remedies are sold by all druggists. x

Official Mining Maps at THE COLONIST

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

The Fire Chief Calls Attention to the Dangers From Storage of Explosives.

Letter From the Admiral Respecting the House Project—Drain and Other Improvements.

There were two vacant chairs, that of Ald. Partridge and of Ald. Harrison, who has not yet recovered from the accident which laid him up some months ago, at the aldermanic board last night, and after their two weeks' holidays the aldermen put through a heavy grist of business in short order. The final payment on account of the recent water works contracts in the shape of a cheque for $10,000 was passed without a murmur.

Admiral Palliser's letter was the first item on the file, and was as follows:

IMPERIEUSE, AT SEA,
25th October, 1897.

His Worship Chas. E. Redfern, Mayor of Victoria.

SIR,—With reference to my letter of the 24th July last, No. 97, and previous correspondence respecting the action of the municipal council of Victoria in passing a by-law for the acquisition of a residence and grounds for the use of the admiral commanding the Pacific squadron, as you are aware, I laid this courteous proposal of the council before the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty for their favorable consideration, and I have now the honor to communicate to Your Worship and the council their decision in the matter.

Their lordships inform me that after careful consideration they have decided not to accept this kind offer, and direct me, in making their decision known, to express to you their lordships' appreciation of the generous spirit in which the offer was made.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
H. BURY PALLISER,
Rear Admiral.

Hon. B. W. Pearse wrote reminding the council that in October, 1894, he had donated to the city a strip of land 4 feet wide and 1,400 long in order that the Cadboro Bay road might be widened opposite his property. The council had moved the fence as stipulated, but the road had never been put into proper shape. The hope was expressed that the council would complete their part of the bargain. The streets committee and city engineer will be asked for a report on the subject.

The shaky condition of James Bay bridge was pointed out to the council in a letter from J. G. Tiarks. This too will be the subject of a report from the city engineer.

The board passed on to the complaint of Thos. W. Speed that Francis avenue had not been improved as had been promised a year ago by the then council. Referred to the streets committe.

L. Lowe asked for a few loads of gravel to fill up a hollow caused by the sinking of the street. This was referred to street committee with power to act, as also a complaint as to the sidewalk on Fort street from J. W. Mellor.

The Victoria Produce Society made the request that they be granted at a low rental a front stall in the city market pointing out the benefit that the society had been to the city. A report on the subject from the market committee was read recommending that the association be granted the stall at the regular rate. This report met with general approval and was adopted.

W. H. Braden requested a check for goods destroyed by the sanitary officer while disinfecting the complainant's house early in the year. The official referred to will be asked to furnish a report.

The purchase of a typewriter for the use of the court was the modest request of the police magistrate.

His Worship—"It's a machine that is required, and I think it would save a great deal of work if a typewriter were purchased for the use of the court."

Referred to finance committee for report.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER & EASTERN.

Ex-Alderman R. T. Williams addressed a communication to the council expressing surprise that certain of the aldermen had formed part of a deputation in the interests of the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern railway which waited on the government recently. Victoria is not mentioned in the act in question, except in the title, the ex-Alderman went on to point out, and in the writer's opinion Victoria's aldermen have quite sufficient to attend to without taking part in a project intended to leave Victoria out in the cold.

The Mayor pointed out that those of the aldermen who had taken part in the deputation had done so to carry out the distinct wishes of ratepayers as expressed at a public meeting.

Ald. McCandless was surprised at Mr. Williams' present stand, as early in the year he had been particularly "hot" on this very subject and had brought certain resolutions to him (Ald. McCandless), which, after alteration, had been introduced and passed by the council. It was part of this scheme that Victoria should be made the terminus, and in default of this the company would not receive one cent of subsidy. He advocated the present scheme, because if the subsidy went to the C.P.R. Vancouver would be the terminus, and Victoria would then be out in the cold.

Mr. Williams' letter was filed.

H. W. Treat, of New York, wanted to build a smelter in British Columbia, and would like to know how much real estate the city would grant to have the works located here. The writer will be informed that if he has any proposition to make the council are ready to hear it.

The Victoria branch of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, through their secretary, represented that the present method of the city dog catcher is exceedingly crude and causes unnecessary suffering to the animals captured. The pound committee will furnish a report.

Sundry alterations to the cemetery keeper's house, amounting to $475, were recommended by the city building inspector and the the work was ordered to be carried out.

THE EXPLOSIVES BY-LAW.

The regular monthly report of Chief Deasy of the fire department was read, as follows:

VICTORIA, 3rd Nov., 1897.

His Worship the Mayor and Fire Wardens:

GENTLEMEN,—I have the honor to submit the following report for the month of October:

Number of fires and alarms 5; estimated losses, $3,630.

The cisterns throughout the city were all replaced in good repair.

Driver Le Roy and hoseman Duncan returned to duty.

I have also to direct attention to the explosives by-law in force in this city and desire to respectfully recommend its amendment.

Under the present law the highest penalty for infringement is a fine of $25. This amount is too low. The fine should be $500. I also consider the quantity of explosives allowed in buildings, fifty pounds, dangerous. In my opinion all persons with powder or other explosives on their premises should have a safe place in which to deposit same. They should be restricted from carrying more than ten pounds of dynamite, and should be compelled to record the location and quantity of explosives in any building within the city limits. As you are aware, the life of a fireman is dangerous enough, and we should be made acquainted with the exact spot where even a small quantity of explosives may be stored.

On the 28th ult., a fire occurred in a building on Wharf street. We found dynamite, powder, detonators and cartridges on the second floor. The fire originated from an ash box. In imposing fines the magistrate spoke of the small amount it was in his province to impose. The responsible parties received a lesson; but the question is: "Will the fear of a small penalty deter others."

In connection with the above I respectfully direct attention to the fact that few, if any of the firemen, carry insurance. We have been fortunate in the past; but every fireman should be insured. In other cities the fines for breaches of fire laws, contributions, etc., make up sufficient to provide a fund. Under our system the best plan would be to insure the officers and men while on fire duty. Every man should be insured, and I respectfully recommend this question to the earnest attention of your humble body.

THOMAS DEASY, Chief.

Market fees for October amounting to $105.45 were reported by Superintendent Johnson, and the committee for the Old Men's Home advised that "Doc" McCandlish be admitted as an inmate of the home. Agreed to.

The sewerage committee reported re Mr. Hutcheson's propositon in connection with sewerage on McClure street and Victoria crescent, and proposed that the council spend $100 on a permanent sewer on condition that a temporary 6-inch sewer be laid by property owners to cost $270, in order to connect with the Humbolt street sewer. This report was adopted.

The street committee recommended that all closets be disconnected from the box drain discharging on the shore opposite Michigan street; that certain repairs be done to Telegraph street as soon as funds are available; that $6 be expended on Alfred street, and that the nuisance complained of by Mr. Cookson on Johnson street be abated at a cost of $12. Received and adopted.

The special water works committee advised the payment of $21.48 to Walkley, King & Casey for a new belt for the rock crusher but declined to recognize the balance of the account ($212.48) as that firm had agreed in view of having the use of the crusher free of charge to keep it in repair at their own expense. This report was adopted.

Applications amounting to $1,896.52 for various services were reported by the finance committee; also an additional $1,000 on account of legal expense in the Point Ellice bridge litigation; $250 for the citizens' Klondyke committee was recommended, and another report covered $10 000 as final payment to Walkley, King & Casey on their waterworks contract. All were passed without discussion.

Ald. McCandless' notice of motion in connection with the Admiralty house was then taken up, and it was resolved that the amounts collected from the taxpayers in that connection be returned.

The verandah by-law was finally passed, and the council adjourned.

Warm Underwear, Socks and Macintoshes at W. & J. Wilson's.

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

DAILY COLONIST, 20 cts. a week, delivered.

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$13.00

Blue Beaver Overcoat, double breasted, sateen lined, silk velvet collar, silk sewn seams, patent can't come off buttons. Of course we have cheaper coats at $12,00, $10.00, $8.50 down to $5.50.

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Mince Meat.

A POINTER—Many people believe that all mince meat is alike; that it is nothing but meat and fruit and apples mixed. That is true of some mince meat, but it takes skill and knowledge and the best of materials to make the kind we sell. It is the cheapest good mince meat in the city.

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are now fitted with the
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The most important improvement in Piano construction for the past fifty years.
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See our Bell Piano at $250.00. Its a beauty. . . . . .
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Double Screened Southfield Coal.....$5.00
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NO WISH TO RETURN.

James G. Bennett, of San Francisco, Arrested For Attempted Murder and Held Here.

He Will Fight Extradition to the Limit of His Own and the Law's Resources.

"Arrrest for assault to murder, James G. Bennett, alias J. B. O'Neill, at Ruse House, Victoria, waiting to leave on steamer Topeka as assistant engineer. Clem Dumett is his brother-in-law. Bennett born Syracuse, N.Y., and a marine engineer and electrician. Aged thirty-nine years; height, five feet seven and a half; weight about two hundred and twenty; hair, dark, with a little grey at the temples; eyes, blue; face, round and full; ears, large and lop over at the tops; large stomach; short, thick neck, scar on forehead, combs hair over it. Bennett arrested here for cutting his wife's throat and his own. Bennett escaped from receiving hospital here October 13. Has large, fresh knife wound extending across front of throat and neck. Photo by mail. Bennett badly wanted by this department. Will extradite him if arrested. Wire answer."

Such was the telegram from Chief of Police Lees, of San Francisco, which was put into Chief Sheppard's hands yesterday, and in consequence of which James G. Bennett, alias J. B. O'Neill, alias De Mona also, spent last night as occupant of one of the upper flat cells at police headquarters on Cormorant street. With so specific directions and such detail of description, evidencing the accuracy of the information furnished Chief Lees by his Victoria correspondents, Detectives Perdue and Palmer had practically no difficulty whatever in arresting their man last evening—nor did he consider it expedient to make any denials after the police station had been reached and the scar on his neck was examined through the luxuriant beard he has acquired since leaving California.

Bennett does not deny the commission of the serious assault with which he is charged, but announces his determination to fight extradition to the limit of legal possibilities and his resources. He had been separated from his wife, he said, but felt that he had a right to know what she was doing and who she was associating with. When he went to her room he had no intention of doing her injury. There was a scene, however, and when she rushed at him with a pair of scissors he stabbed her in the neck with his pocket knife, and afterwards slashed his own throat.

"She is not seriously hurt," he said; "in fact, she is in much better shape than I am. I would not have come from California only she intimated that she would not prosecute if I would get out of the country. I was not exactly under arrest when I came away. There were no guards at the hospital, and not the slightest difficulty was offered to me leaving San Francisco and coming north. I spent two weeks in Seattle with relatives, and then, as they told me I could not be extradited from, I came over by the Kingston here ten days ago. Now that I'm here, I'm going to stay here. If I am forced to go back to San Francisco I will throw up the whole deal. But I don't think I'll have to go back."

Mr. H. E. A. Robertson was in consultation with the prisoner until an early hour this morning, and it is expected that he will oppose any application for an adjournment when the first hearing of the case is called before Magistrate Macrae this mornihg.

THE NEW SENATOR.

Brief Sketch of the Career of the Gentleman to Be Thus Honored.

Advices from Ottawa yesterday confirmed the already published report that the place in the Senate occupied by Hon. Dr. McInnes will, upon his appointment to the office of Lieutenant Governor, be awarded to Mr. Wm. Templeman of Victoria.

Mr. Templeman, who is the manager of the Daily Times of this city, was born on September 28, 1845, in Pakenham, Lanark county, Ont. His parents were William and Helen Taylor Templeman, natives of Scotland. He received a common school education and then entered the Herald office at Carleton Place, where he served a four years' apprenticeship to the printing business. After spending some years in Oswego, Chicago and Memphis, he returned to Ontario and in partnership with R. J. Northgraves established the Gazette at Almonte, which he conducted from 1867 to 1882. He then sold out his interests in that paper and accept a position on the Times of this city, subsequently acquiring a controlling interest in the paper. Mr. Templeman is a Presbyterian. He is a member of the I. O. O. F., I. O. F., and A. O. U. W. He was married February 11, 1869, to Eva, daughter of Joseph Bond, Almonte. For many years Mr. Templeman has been prominent in the ranks of the Liberal party in this city. He has three times been an unsuccessful candidate for the Commons in this constituency. In the general elections of 1891 he and Mr. Wm. Marchant, now customs appraiser, opposed Messrs. Prior and Earle; in January, 1896, Mr. Templeman contested Hon. E. G. Prior's re-election upon acceptance of office in the Bowell ministry; and at the general election in June following he and Dr. Milne opposed the re-election of the sitting members.

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For Infants and Children.

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Lamps of every description at Weiler Bros.; the finest range of table and hanging lamps to be seen on the coast. *

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

BASKET BALL.

MEETING TO ORGANIZE.

All members and all intending to become members of the Y.M.C.A. Basket Ball club are requested to attend the meeting to be held in the association rooms this evening, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. The club will be thoroughly organized for the season, arrangements will be made for entering the league and the question of securing a hall for practice and matches will be considered.

THE RING.

AN INTERNATIONAL EVENT.

NEWCASTLE, Eng.—Nov. 8.—Will Curley, of England, this evening defeated Patsy Haley, of America, in a boxing contest of 20 rounds. The contest caused great excitement in sporting circles and the attendance broke the record. Betting favored the American. Curley had the advantage of 2½ inches in height, which prevented his adversary from displaying his cleverness to the full extent. The exchanges in the early part of the battle were only slight and Curley being much superior in science held a big lead. In the final rounds Haley made a plucky attempt to get on even terms with his opponent but it was of no avail. The latter maintained his smart attacks to the end of the twentieth round and secured a decided victory.

TO BOX FOR POINTS.

Articles of agreement were signed last night between Kid Williams, of San Francisco, and Young Baxter, of H. M. S. Imperieuse, to box ten rounds for points at the Beacon Hill athletic rooms on Saturday evening next. The meet at 9 o'clock sharp, and Denver Ed. Smith will be referee.

TO-NIGHT at 8 o'clock Rev. A. B. Winchester lectures in Columbia church, Oak Bay avenue, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of that church; subject, "Belief and Unbelief."

ONE of the old settlers in the Lake district, William Foot, died yesterday morning in his 67th year. He was a native of Dorsetshire, England, and came to British Columbia years ago. To-morrow the funeral takes place from Hayward's undertaking rooms and later from Christ Church cathedral.

Soldiers' Beds.

The soldier's bed varies notably in the different European armies. According to Dr. Viry, the following are the principal varieties, in which, perhaps, we may see the reflection of national characteristics. In England the bed is hard. The soldier lies on a thin mattress that rests on canvas stretched over a frame. In Spain the soldier has only a straw bed, but he is allowed besides this a pillow, two sheets, two blankets and a covered quilt, sometimes even a cover for the feet. It is almost sybaritic. In Germany and Austria he has a simple straw bed with one or two covers, neither sheet nor mattress. In Russia, until recently, the soldier slept with his clothes on on a camp bed, but now ordinary beds begin to be used—the result of contact with more civilized countries. After this it cannot be doubted that the French soldier's bed is the best of all, with its wooden or iron bedstead, a straw bed, a wool mattress, sheets, a brown woolen coverlet and an extra quilt for cold weather. Thus the bed of the French soldier is the softest of all soldiers' beds, as that of the French peasant is acknowledged also to be the best of all European countries.—British Medical Record.

Rough on the Unmarried.

The North Frisians are very unmerciful to people who don't marry. One of their legends says that after death old maids are doomed to cut stars out of the sun when it has sunk below the horizon, and the ghosts of the old bachelors must blow them up in the east, running, like lamplighters, all night up and down a ladder.

An old ruin has been uncovered on the Moqui reservation in Arizona and nearly 200 pieces of perfect pottery found.

It Was a Sad Case.

The Clouds Were Darker When Medical Effort Was Unsuccessful.

Paine's Celery Compound Brought Joy and Happiness to an Anxious Family.

The use of Paine's Celery Compound, that wonderful modern prescription of Professor Edward Phelps, M. D., has brought more happiness and sunshine into sad homes in Canada than all other agencies in the world. It has saved fathers and mothers to young and helpless children; it has raised up weak and dying children to anxious parents, and has caused rich and poor to sing its praises.

Mr. A. Forsyth, Manvers, Ont., in his time of danger was advised to use the medicine that makes people well; he, like thousands of others in the past, was cured, and gratefully writes for the benefit of other sufferers. He says:

"For two years I was in a low condition of health, suffering from nervousness, fainting spells, pain in the head, stomach troubles and loss of appetite. I was under the care of two doctors, but received no benefit from their treatment. I also used two bottles of a recommended patent medicine, but no good results came. I was then advised by a neighbor to use your wonderful medicine, Paine's Celery Compound. The use of this marvellous preparation soon produced the very best results. I am glad to report that my health is improved in every respect; I am stronger, sleep better, and my appetite is good and natural. I am pleased to recommend Paine's Celery Compound to all sick people, as I believe it is the best medicine in the world."

☞ The Semi-Weekly Colonist leads.

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THIS IS THE CRY OF THOUSANDS OF YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN—victims of careless, reckless youth. The vital spark is dimmed by the loss of that priceless boon, nerve strength. Life seems full of trouble because the nerves are weak and the spirits depressed. Pains are felt in the back, the head is dizzy, and there are hot and cold flushes. Nervous debility is approaching.

RESTORE HAPPY YOUTH

By using Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt. Get back all the joy of youthful vigor. Feel the life bouncing through your veins and carrying ambition to your brain. There is a new pleasure in living when you are wearing Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt. It replaces the nerve strength. It pours vitality into the body for hours at a time. Thousands of young men and women owe their happiness to it. So will you. Write to Dr. Sanden, tell him of your troubles, and he will send you a book for men or for women, which will tell you how to regain vital nerve strength. Send to-day. Address

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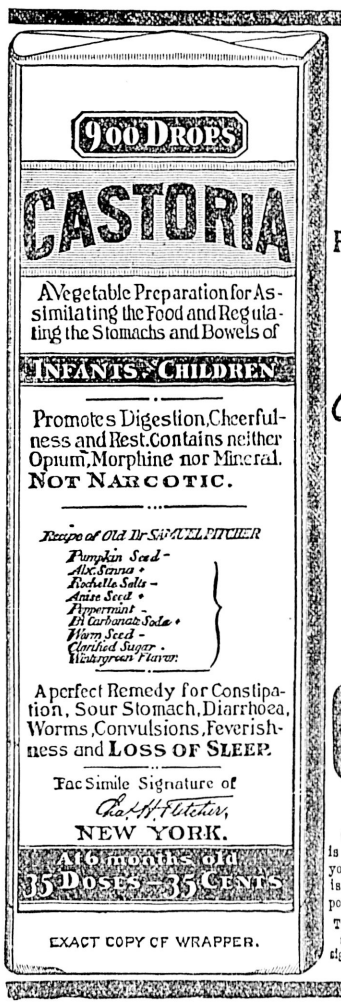

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The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel; the safest and most gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

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THROUGH TICKETS

To and From all European Points.

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Allan Line	Carthaginian	Nov. 13
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Cunard Line	Lucania	Nov. 13
"	Etruria	Nov. 20
American Line	St Paul	Nov. 17
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White Star Line	Britannic	Nov. 17
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Red Star Line	Freesland	Nov. 17
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GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S.S. Agent
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

C. P. Navigation Co., Ld.

TIME TABLE No. 29.
Takes effect December 24th, 1896.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 1 o'clock.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.
For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Tees leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, January 1st.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO

The Company's elegant steamers *City of Puebla*, *Walla Walla* and *Umatilla*, carrying H.B.M. Mails, leave *Victoria, B.C.*, for San Francisco, at 8 P.M., Nov. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Dec. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Jan 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29. Due at San Francisco A.M., Nov. 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Dec. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Jan. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Feb 1. Leave *San Francisco* for Victoria, B.C., at 9 A.M., Nov. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Dec. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Jan 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31. Due at Victoria, A.M., Nov. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Dec. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Jan. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, Feb. 3

The elegant steamers *Corona* and *City of Topeka* leave *Victoria* for Alaska Oct. 27, Nov. 6, 11, 21, 26, Dec. 6, 11, 21, 26, Jan. 5, 10, 20, 25. Due back at Victoria Nov. 8, 18, 23, Dec. 3, 8, 18, 23, Jan. 2, 7, 17, 22, Feb. 1, 6.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agts., 61 & 63 Wharf St., Victoria, B. C.
J. F. TROWBRIDGE, P S. Supt., Seattle, Wash.
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen. Agts. S.F.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO.

Commencing Monday, November 1, 1897, the STEAMER

City of Nanaimo, W. D. Owen, Master.

will sail as follows, calling at way ports and freight and passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Monday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Thursday, 8 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Friday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station, Store street. no15-tf

OCEANIC Steamship Company

S.S. AUSTRALIA for Honolulu only, Tuesday, Nov. 30th, 2 p.m.
S.S. ALAMEDA sails via Honolulu & Auckland for Sydney, Thursday Nov. 11, at 2 p.m. Line to Coolgardie Australia, and Capetown, S. Africa.

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R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents, Victoria, B.C. sel

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NORTHERN SETTLEMENTS—SS. Comox sails from Company's wharf every Tuesday at 9 a.m for Bowen Island, Howe Sound, Sechelt, Jervis Inlet, Froeck, Texada Island, Lund, Hernando Island, Cortes Island, Read Island, Valdez Island, Shoal Boy, Phillips Arm, Frederick Arm, Thurlow Island, Loughborough Inlet, Salmon River, Port Neville, and sails every Friday at 11 a.m. for way ports and Shoal Bay, calling at Bute Inlet every six weeks.

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Tugs and scows always available for towing and freighting business. Large storage accommodation on Company's wharf.

H. DARLING, Manager.
Telephone 94. P.O. Box 771. jy18

NOTICE.

Estate of C. W. Kammerer, Deceased.

All claims against the said estate must be sent in to T. N. Hibben & Co. within 14 days of this date.

E. C. COLLISTER, Executrix.
J. K. LEWIS, Executor.

Victoria, B.C., Oct 29, 1897. oc20

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria, at its next session, for a transfer of the license issued to Jos. Levy upon the premises known as the Arcade Restaurant, situate on Government street, in the city of Victoria to H. E. Levy.

J. LEVY.

October 30, 1897. no1

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria, at its next session for a transfer of the license issued to Henry Harris, upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate on northeast corner of Elizabeth and Simcoe streets, in the city of Victoria, from the said Henry Harris to Alf Wood.

no5 HENRY HARRIS.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria, at its next session for a transfer of the license issued to Alfred Wood, upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate on the northeast corner of Elizabeth and Simcoe streets, in the city of Victoria, from the said Alfred Wood to Edward Smith. no5 ALFRED WOOD

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next session, by the British Columbia Electric Railway Company, Limited, the purchasers of the rights, powers privileges and franchises of the Consolidated Railway Company, for an Act extending for two years the time for the completion of the works authorized by section 42 of the Consolidated Railway Company's Act, 1896.

Dated this 5th day of November, 1897.

McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,
no6 Solicitors for the Applicants.

RE THE DIPLOCK BOOK AND STATIONARY CO., LTD. LIABILITY, IN LIQUIDATION.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 20th of November next for the purchase of the stationery, stock-in-trade and fancy goods of the above company now in the premises. No. 531 Granville street, in the City of Vancouver. Tenders may be made for the said stock en bloc or for such portions of such stock as the tenderer may desire, but must in each case be accompanied by a marked cheque for 10 per cent of the amount of the tender which shall be forfeited in the event of the person whose tender is accepted failing to complete the purchase. The terms of sale will be cash, but the highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. The stock list can be seen at the office of A. St G. Hamersley, Solicitor, Hastings street, Vancouver, to whom application can be made to inspect the stock.

A. E. BECK,
Official Liquidator

Dated at Vancouver, this 10th day of October, 1897. no1

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO.

NOTICE.

To prospectors, miners and holders of mineral claims on unoccupied land within the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company land grant *FOR ONE YEAR ONLY* from the date of this notice, the Railway Company will sell their rights to all minerals (excepting coal and iron) and the surface rights of mineral claims, at the price of $5.00 per acre. Such sales will be subject to all other reservations contained in conveyances from the Company prior to this date. One half of the purchase money to be paid ten days after recording the claim with the Government, and a duplicate of the record to be filed in the Company's Land Office, Victoria, on payment of the first instalment. The balance of the purchase money to be paid in two equal instalments, at the expiration of six and twelve months, without interest. Present holders of mineral claims who have not previously made other arrangements with the Company for acquiring surface and mineral rights, are hereby notified to at once make the first payment on their claims as otherwise they will be deemed and treated as trespassers

LEONARD H. SOLLY,
Land Commissioner

Victoria, B.C., June 1s 1897. je5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the province of British Columbia at its next session by the Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited a corporation incorporated in Ontario, under the "Ontario Joint Stock Companies' Letters Patent Act," and under the "Trusts Company Act 1895," on the 24th day of February 1897, for an act confirming and conferring upon it the powers of the said Company as the same appear in the Letters Patent deposited in Ontario with the Provincial Registrar and upon the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, and with its consent, that the said Company may be appointed by any judge of the Supreme or County courts of the Province of British Columbia to execute the office of executor, administrator, trustee, receiver, assignee, guardian of minor or committee of a lunatic without giving security; and for all further and necessary powers as may be incidental or conducive, to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

Dated October 6th, 1897.

HERBERT E A. ROBERTSON,
8 Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C.
Solicitor for the Trusts and Guarantee Co., Ltd.
oc7

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the province of British Columbia at its next session for an Act to incorporate a company with power to construct, equip, operate by any kind or kinds of motive power, and maintain either a standard or narrow gauge railway for the purpose of conveying passengers and freight, including all kinds of merchandise, from a point at or near Portland Inlet or Portland Canal, Cassiar District, British Columbia by the most direct and feasible route to a point at or near Teslin Lake; and with power to construct, equip, operate and maintain branch lines and all necessary roads, bridges, ways, ferries, wharves, docks and coal bunkers; and with power to build, own, equip, operate and maintain steam and other vessels and boats; and with power to build, equip, operate and maintain telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said railway and branches; and to carry on a general express business, and to build and operate all kinds of plant for the purpose of supplying light, heat, electricity or any kind of motive power; and with power to expropriate lands for the purposes of the company; and to acquire lands, bonuses, privileges, or other aids from any government, municipality, or other persons or bodies corporate; and to make traffic or other arrangements with railways steamboats or other companies; and with power to build wagon roads to be used in the construction of such railway and in advance of the same, and to levy and collect tolls from all parties using and on all freight passing over any of such roads built by the company, whether built before or after the construction of the railway; and with all other usual, necessary or incidental rights, powers or privileges as may be necessary or incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

Dated at the City of Victoria the 4th day of August, A.D. 1897.

HUNTER & OLIVER,
au5 Solicitors for the Applicants.

CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director and Embalmer

52 Government Street, Victoria.

The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

LATEST novelties in art embroidery, both cotton and silk; no particular brand of silk used. Instructions given free of cost, from November 5th to Dec. 20th. Mrs Ostrand, 129 Cormorant street. no3

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they act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System, restoring the long-lost Complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the **Rosebud of Health the whole physical energy** of the human frame. For throwing off fevers in hot climates they are specially renowned. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that **Beecham's Pills have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the World.**

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Is due to over-work, over-study, over-exhaustion or some form of abuse. When you abuse yourself you begin to decline. Now just stop it and get cured with the great Remedy-Treatment

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When you are suffering from Blood Poison, no matter whether it be in the first, secondary or tertiary form, you can be cured by the use of the

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Write for 30-Day Circulars.

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JOURNALISTIC COLORS.

Of course old Bulwer Lytton when he wrote
of sword and pen
And affixed the prize blue ribbon to the latter
Had never seen the office of a daily paper when
It was press time and the boys were "short of matter."
The penman cuts no figure in the hustling world of news.
The reporter is a skirmisher, it's true,
For he fights for fleeting items, and he captures interviews,
But his weapon is a Faber number two.

Now, the journalistic underling, whose pencil marks are black,
Is subservient to a pencil mark of blue.
For some high and mighty personage must make a pigeon track
Before a single line of "copy" can go through,
But there's still another color, far above both black and blue.
The man who owns the paper scans it o'er,
And if the staff needs editing he'll take an ax or two
And express his personal sentiments in gore.
—Frank S. Pixley in Chicago Times-Herald.

THE DOGS OF WAR.

On the left of the pup lines of Greek infantry lay on the high, bare hills, firing without intermission. Gray smoke went up and backward from all these lines. Sometimes wounded men came from there and passed the pup as he sat reflecting in the roadway. Directly in his front a mountain battery of the Greeks was roaring, and the horses and mules of the command were browsing the grass in a sheltered place not far from the pup. Some soldiers lay in an upturned furrow of brown trenches.

If the pup had studied the vast green plain on his right, he would have seen black lines and lines still fainter than black, and these lines were all Turks. Frequently a crescendo of boots and hurtling noises was in the air above him, and the shells crashed as they struck. Moreover, there was sometimes a curious singing of great insects. But for all these things the pup did not care.

He was a little pup, not larger than a kitten, but he was fat and fairly smothered in long white wool, marked here and there with black, and he had every indifference of a fat pup. Two soldiers came that way on their return to the front, and, seizing him, paused. One stooped and offered him gently a bit of hard biscuit, but he had been used to other food, and, with the insolence of babyhood, he scorned the generosity of these men who had stopped under fire to give him assistance. They laughed then and stroked his long hair and went away to their business.

The pup's interest was always the thing directly under his nose. He was really in the battle of Velestino, but what he wanted to do was to waddle in his curious way among the stones of the roadway and smell at them and fall over them whenever he forgot that he was top heavy. Although he was not larger than a cake of soap he had something elephantine in his movement. His little legs were still very weak, and he sprawled and straddled over the road in a way that one would expect of a baby elephant. Once a cavalryman with orders galloped past him, and a hoof of the gray charger missed him by a little, but he didn't care for that either. He was busy with his geological survey.

The Examiner correspondent came along from the firing line at that time and stopped when he saw the dog. The dog had been trying to scratch his near ear with his off hind leg, but he stopped when he saw The Examiner correspondent. They looked at each other in reflective silence. The pup had a crafty eye, and he put his head on one side and surveyed the correspondent with much attention to detail. Another shell came close then, and your correspondent said, "Come on, pup." He took the pup in his arms.

The dog was naturally named Velestino at once. There was a thought in the correspondent's mind of calling him Loot. But then he was not really loot. He was simply a Greek pup deserted by his relatives and friends in a most trying hour, who had accepted the assistance of a correspondent of The Examiner. His home had probably been in one of the stone huts that stood here and there along the road, now all lonely. His owners had probably scuttled out at word of the coming of the Turks. But he didn't care about this either. He simply lolled on the correspondent's arm and blinked fatly at the passing landscape.

When the correspondent arrived where his horses awaited him, he gave the pup Velestino into the hands of his Greek boy and stood and admonished him sternly for five minutes about the inadvisability of losing that pup. The boy grinned and took Velestino in his arms.

Later the pup got under a particularly heavy artillery fire. While the correspondent's party was crossing a bit of plain the Turks opened fire on a nearby house. One would have thought they had opened on the pup, because they came nearer to the pup than they did to the house. There was some excitement. The stragglers in the road scurried everywhere. The correspondent had a bit of trouble with his horse, which had been hurt in the back by some kind of fragment, and when it was all over he looked around for the pup, the two servants and the other horses, and there was none.

Late that night in Volo a knock came to the correspondent's door, and as he called out it opened, and the Greek boy appeared, with a bow and a grin.

"Where is the pup?" said the correspondent instantly.

The Greek boy had brought a large piece of shell which he said had almost killed him, and he exhibited it proudly.

"Where is the pup?"

The boy said he was sure he was going to be killed when he heard the shell, and he now considered his escape to be a miracle. The correspondent arose impressively to his feet. "Where is the pup?"

Well—poor Velestino, poor correspondent!—they were united only to be immediately parted. The boy said that he had brought the pup to Volo and had given it to a man to hold while he unsaddled his horse. The man ran away with Velestino.

There were dispatches to be sent, and the wires were muddled in a way that was simply scandalous. The correspondent left for Athens, reflecting from time to time upon the virtues of his lost pup.

Volo is ordinarily 300,000 miles from Athens. In time of war it is the square of 300,000. Every route is impossible. All the steamers are on war business. All the carriages have vanished. There are no horses. It requires more energy to travel now in Greece than it does to do a three months' campaign. The correspondent struggled as far as Chalkis with phenomenal good fortune. He was taking his breakfast in the restaurant there when he observed a peasant come in and walk toward the rear of the place. This man had a pup inside his shirt, and the little woolly head projected. The correspondent said to his dragoman, "That is my dog." The dragoman laughed. "There are 1,000,000 dogs like that in Greece, sir."

"No, there ain't. I tell you that is my dog."

As the peasant with the pup disappeared through a door in the rear the correspondent and the dragoman rushed after him. In a courtyard they found the peasant delivering the pup to another dragoman, the servant of an English correspondent, but the correspondent took the pup. "It is my dog."

"No, it isn't," said the dragoman of the English correspondent. "I got him at Volo."

"You got him at Volo, did you? Well, I got him at Velestino. He belongs to the San Francisco Examiner, and it doesn't matter what you say, you can't have him."

"Well"—

"Shut up!"

"Well, he has cost me two drams for his food and care. Pay me that and it is all right."

Velestino thus rejoined the correspondent. His hotel bills were paid, and he was invited to some bread and milk. The rounds he fought with his bread and milk were simply too exciting for words. He was not satisfied with putting all of his features in the plate. He waded up to his knees, and his subsequent cargo was altogether out of proportion to his displacement. His shape became suddenly like that of a toy balloon, but it filled him with a sort of glad satisfaction, which was noticeable in his tipsy sailor walk.

On his way to Athens the pup received constant ovations. The Greek boy was on the box, and he elaborated his own experiences and, incidentally, the experiences of the pup. People gazed at Velestino with awe. He was such a wee thing that the correspondent was not sure whether he was going to grow to be a cow or a caterpillar, but the kilted mountaineers that studied him said that he was of the famous shepherd dog breed of the Greeks and was destined to be a big dog.

"Wait until he grows," they said, "and then if even 100 bad men approach your house you need not fear." Looking at Velestino, asleep in a fluffy ball in the carriage, the correspondent rather thought that the number of bad men was over the limit.

At Thebes, while the correspondent lunched, Velestino waddled, or rather fell, around the floor of the cafe. The boys of the village congregated about him, and the Greek child, who thought he had been almost killed, dilated on the experiences of himself and the dog. All these popular honors the pup accepted with his usual sublime indifference. He interested himself in certain surprising physical eccentricities. For instance, every time he tried to run he fell on his nose. When he tried to catch his tail, he fell on his shoulder. In fact, he was so much of a pup that he could fall in almost any direction with equal abandon. These maneuvers were also conducted without regard to the interest and admiration of the populace.

People do not usually talk about dogs, and so, before he reached Athens, he was easily the most famous dog in Greece. In Athens itself he was put up at the best hotel, and the honors he received befitted his social position.

At present he is with your correspondent. He has a personal attendant engaged at a fabulous salary. He is well known here already, and his appearance on the street causes popular demonstration. But he doesn't care.—Stephen Crane in San Francisco Chronicle.

Forecasting the Progress of Invention.

There is another direction in which the airship would be seriously defective, and this is almost always overlooked, and that is in the matter of making landings. Being a large body, it would necessarily be unwieldy, and its motion in any direction could not be arrested in a very short space of time; therefore it could not make a landing within a limited area. In a dead calm it could probably be lowered in nearly a vertical line and thus make a landing in a contracted space, but if the wind were blowing even at a moderate velocity the case would be different. As the wind is always blowing more or less, and as it frequently changes its course in a few seconds, the ship would be tossed about quite lively before it reached the ground. If it came down at the rate of 300 feet per minute, which is a high velocity, and the wind were blowing at the rate of ten miles per hour, the side drift would be three times as great as the vertical descent, and if this were counteracted by imparting a velocity to the ship equal to that of the wind and opposed to it the side drift would be doubled if the direction of the wind should suddenly reverse. It must therefore be evident that to be able to make a landing safely, without running the risk of colliding with church steeples and modern skyscrapers, it would be necessary to have a large open space.—William Baxter, Jr., in Popular Science Monthly.

A PSALM OF LOVE.

Dreadful and lovely, very stern and kind,
Came a vast angel, winnowing down the wind.
A raiment as of lightnings veiled his form,
And when he spoke his whisper drowned the storm.

I cried and fell before him on the ground,
"Love, love the long desired, at last is found!"
Then swiftly sped to clasp his awful feet,
Knowing that love, though linked with death, were sweet.

But he laughed loud across the breathless air:
"Fool, draw not near me! Knowest thou not despair?"
Yet, unappalled to find my fate, I came
And would have come unshodden over flame.

Wherefore he, smiling, murmured in mine ear,
"Learn, thou whose love of love has cast out fear,
Love is despair, since love began to be,
But love's new name awaits eternity."

Since then we twain across the lands have trod,
As o'er the Syrian fields men walked with God.
O love eternal, sacred still despair,
Awful and gracious, most austerely fair!

—G. A. D. in Bookman.

SHE PAID THE BET.

She left the city on Feb. 32. Her friends all wondered at this sudden move and into the country at this ungodly season. No one knew why, but all had their theories.

She gave a luncheon the day before and received a telegram at the table, so the girls said, and as she opened it a very peculiar, half mirthful, half sad expression came into her face.

"Well, girls, I am going away tonight for three or four weeks."

"Why, for goodness' sake, you're to lead the german tonight at King's."

"No. Tonight I'll be away from here. I don't quite know where, but I'm going anyhow. Won't you have some more of this ice, Lucille?"

This was the source whence originated their numerous and varied conclusions. That night at the german it was the theme of conversation. The pretty girls were glad because young Mrs. Page was popular; the stupid ones were glad because it actually gave them something to talk about, and before the festivities were over the ears of the poor departed must have burned like fire. In the meantime she telephoned down to Jack's office: "Hello! Is that you, Jack?"

"Yes, dear."

"Well, you'll be surprised, but I'm going away."

"Going? Where?"

"Down the river somewhere, I guess. I'll take Marie. Why? Oh, it's just a whim, Jack, but I know you'll let me go."

"I don't suppose it would make much difference what I wanted."

"Now, Jack—well, the train leaves at 5:04. You needn't come up here. Be down at the depot and have some money for me. Goodby. See you later. Got to get my things ready."

She didn't go to get her things ready, but she told Marie to. She sat down in a big chair and thought it all over.

"I suppose they'll all think I'm crazy, and what on earth shall I tell Jack? Oh, I'll get to the station late; then there won't be time to say anything. Great heavens, only a year ago and how different things were! That whole day comes back to me now like a dream, and I'd actually almost forgot about it. But somehow when I made that bet I felt as though I would lose it. I'm married; so I've lost. Cut my eyebrow off and send him the picture! How silly! But I'm game. I'll do it. Oh, dear, won't I be ugly without an eyebrow? I wonder where he is now. Poor boy! He really did love me and I"—

* * * * * * *

"Madame had better be dressing. The trunk is packed, and it is half past 4."

"Have you ordered the carriage?"

"It's ready, madame."

* * * * * * *

"Hello, Jack! Nearly missed it, didn't I?"

"For heaven's sake, Edith, where are you going?"

"Oh, my, there goes the whistle! I'll write you all about it, Jack. Goodby. Be good." And the astonished Jack stood just where Edith left him till the train was out of sight.

* * * * * * *

"Marie, look in my coat pocket and get me that telegram. Thanks. Let's see. Why, he isn't in California at all! Chicago! What on earth is he doing there do you suppose?"

"Did madame speak?"

"No. Go and read."

"After all, this is very foolish, but it's sort of fun to be foolish, anyhow. Poor Jack! I really ought to love him more; he is so good to me. Oh, pshaw! Why can't people have money and brains and all things that I like combined? Now, Beardsley would have been so nice if he hadn't been poor. I nearly thought he was nice, anyhow. Who's whistling that tune? I haven't heard it for—dear me, I'm getting sentimental! But here we are!

"I want a hotel out of town where I can be very quiet."

"Chateau Rouge, ma'am, jist the place. Only one man in the whole hotel, an he don't bother no one. He goes moonin round all day. We're 'arf afraid he's a-goin ter do suthin desperit. He"—

"Well, never mind. Get my bags. I'm anxious to see the place."

"Is this it? Oh, Marie, isn't it lovely? We can be so nice and quiet here! No, I won't come down to dinner. You needn't either, Marie. Both meals sent up, please. Yes."

That night, after long and loving looks at that fatal eyebrow, she seized Jack's razor, which she had deliberately brought with her for the purpose, and, with a gasp of resolution, it was off.

"Oh, you beauty, you fool! Suppose it doesn't grow again. Suppose it grows white. But what's the good of caring? I'm going to bed. I'm dead. Then I can wake up in the morning and worry all over again."

She woke up, though, before the morning—just in the middle of the quiet night.

"What's that? Who on earth can be playing the banjo at this unearthly hour? It must be the jilted man, and he's playing 'Answer.' He must be right near here. Oh, heavens, I can't stand that song! I've heard it too many times when I haven't been alone, and minus an eyebrow besides. Playing the banjo too. Isn't it strange? I wonder who he is? Marie, Marie, please go knock at that man's door and ask if he would mind not playing any more this evening. I'm very tired and can't sleep. What did he say?"

"He just spoke through the door like."

"Thank you, Marie. Go to bed now."

Edith didn't wake up till very late in the day, but when she did it was with that peculiar consciousness of another person in the room, and there was—but only Marie. She stood and stared and gaped at Edith, a half idiotic, half frightened smile on her wondering countenance.

"What are you staring at, you imbecile! Go down stairs. I'll dress myself."

For nearly a week Edith staid in her room, being particularly occupied picking something off the floor or dozing with the newspaper over her face when the servants came in. She didn't hear the banjo any more and completely forgot the little incident. Her restless spirit revolted, however, at the solitary confinement and she resolved to break it.

"Who cares for a lovesick man who probably wouldn't notice whether I had any eyes at all or not? I'm going out. Marie, my hat and veil."

She started off, and before long had gone farther than she imagined. She sat down for rest and meditation. These, however, were soon disturbed by a cracking twig and a footstep very close. Of course she turned round, but was hardly prepared for the eyes that returned her astonished gaze.

"Where did you come from?" was the simultaneous exclamation.

"Beardsley!"

"Edith."

"Yes, Edith."

"Edith, what are you doing in this out of the way place? I thought you were in New York."

"After your telegram? Look."

"And you did this?"

"Looks like it, doesn't it? That's what I'm doing here—waiting for it to grow. Well, if I never believed in fatalism before I do now. Isn't it the funniest thing you ever heard of? What are you doing here yourself?"

"Just thinking of a year ago. Do you know, Edith, it's just a year ago today since you went away? There's another coincidence. But I must not stay here. I regret seeing you more than I can tell—yes, regret it. Don't look at me that way. I mean it, every word of it. For a year now my life has been—well, a blank, my work poor, my ambition gone. And for what? Because the woman I loved to the limit of myself, and who professed to love me six months after we had been parted, was married to another. That's why I regret. Do you understand? Tell me, Edith, did you ever really imagine you loved me, or were you just killing time while you were waiting to go away?"

"Beardsley, how can you? I married, yes. And no man could love me more or be kinder to me than Jack. I feel wicked and guilty sometimes that I do not love him more, but he knows it, and"—

"So you married without loving him? Edith, this is worse than I thought. I—but I must leave here tonight. I forgive you, yes—and God bless you, little woman. I hope you will be happy. Goodby." And before Edith could speak she was alone.

"He didn't give me a chance to say a word," she said to herself.

She walked back to the hotel feeling quite light and queer in the head. She went up stairs and slept. She woke up a few hours later in a high fever. She grew delirious. Jack was sent for. He was a little puzzled at some of Edith's ravings and her smooth shaven brow, to which she alluded constantly, but by the time she was well enough to talk the eyebrow had nearly grown. Jack spoke of it once.

"Just to watch it grow. I used to do it all the time." About her sudden departure: "Just a whim, Jack. I"—Then she had an awful pain in her head and had to lie down.

She came back to New York again and was just as popular as ever, only her friends imagined she had grown older and more dignified. "So married," one girl said.—New York Sun.

The Dog and the Bicycle.

The bicycle has come to stay, and we have nothing to say against it, but we sometimes observe a piece of thoughtlessness on the part of cyclers the cruelty of which ought not to mar an innocent and healthful exercise. The cycler can run farther and faster than any horse that was ever foaled, but he sometimes forgets that what is easy for himself and impossible for the horse may be almost deadly to the dog. Cyclers should leave their dogs at home. The ordinary rate at which they move with perfect ease, say eight or ten miles an hour, and which they keep up easily for hours together, is beyond a dog's powers, and even when they go more slowly the occasional spurt which they are sure to make taxes the dog to its utermost.

We have been grieved to see not a few poor dogs painfully following their masters, or, more commonly, their mistresses, with signs of manifest distress, and this, we are sure, with no purpose of cruelty on the owner's part, but through sober thoughtlessness. May we not, then, ask cyclers to remember that the dog is not a fit companion on a wheel ride?—Our Animal Friends.

Told the Truth.

"See here. That horse you sold me runs away, kicks, bites, strikes and tries to tear down the stable at night. You told me that if I got him once I would not part with him for $1,000."

"Well, you won't."—Detroit Free Press.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Nov. 7, 1897.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a.m..	32	Mean 37·	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a.m..	31·		
9 a.m..	36·	Highest 47	5 a.m.—4 N.
1 p.m..	46·		1 p.m.—4 E.
5 p.m..	40·	Lowest 30·	9 p.m.—4 N.
9 p.m..	36		Rain .00. Clear. Sunshine, 6h. 54m.

Barometer 9 a.m... Observed ..... 30.151 Reduced 30.129

ESQUIMALT STATION, Nov. 8, 1897.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a.m..	37·	Mean 42·	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a.m..	41·		5 a.m.—4 N.W.
9 a.m..	43·	Highest 45	1 p.m.—12 N.
1 p.m..	45·		9 p.m.—4 S.E.
5 p.m..	43·	Lowest 40·	Rain—.08. Cloudy. No sunshine.
9 p.m..	44·		

Barometer 9 m.... Observed ..... 29.960 Reduced 29.930

On the Back

of the prescription your doctor gives you is generally the name of some city druggist. Don't be misled; your doctor is quite satisfied if you take the prescription to *your own druggist* to be filled. Our customers bring their prescriptions to

SHOTBOLT'S,

Pioneer Drug Store, 59 Johnson St.

Open till 11 p m. daily, except Sunday.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer KINGSTON from the Sound—H Robinson and wife, A Hoops, J H Bell, J H Parser, F Tobin, H Hirsberg, Miss A Vernon, Miss J Vernon, Chas Dorey, F Dorey, Miss Williams, Miss Seum, T Armtrant, J J Horan, E P Horan, M Daggett, A Dick, Miss Owen, Miss Fulten, G Monroe, C Clark, Miss Miles, Miss Strickland, Ed Hall, Dr T J Cole, T Ulmer, J Jackson, J R Anderson, Miss Dailey, G H Kennedy, J R Shaw, W B Williams and wife, John A Whalley, Mrs Balkwell, Mrs Galice, L Porter, F Wall and wife, J J Wilson, F White, D Lutiger, R Jamieson, J Carter, A Graham, Miss McClellan, G Parkdorf, J Snell, N Snell, James Baily, H Vogel, J Anderson J Price, J B Bower, R Phillips, Aug Bailey, B Brown, J H Ovington.

Per steamer YOSEMITE from Westminster—W McEwen, C H Steel, W Gatton, A D Mathews, P McCullock, Rev A D Reed, E W Calhoun, W J Stoddard, F Robson, O K Oleson, F W Cawley, R Currie.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer KINGSTON from the Sound—R Porter & Son, B C Market Co, Sinclair & Co, J H Todd & Son, Clark & Pearson, R H Nott, W H Holt, Wilson Bros.

Per steamer YOSEMITE from Westminster T B & Co, Sere & Co, T Calbeck, C B King, G Everton, L Goodacre, F Cawley, J R Anderson, R Beaucamp, Wilson Bros, W Gratton, Hartman & Co, Baker & Co, Thomas B & Grant, G. Tollick, CPN Co, R J Ker, Erskine W & Co, Dom Exp Co.

Coal

Leave orders with

Munn, Holland & Co.,

BROAD STREET, (Opposite Driard.)

DIED.

FOOT—At his residence, Lake District, on the 8th inst., William Foot, a native of Dorsetshire, England, aged 66 years and 4 months.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock from Hayward's Undertaking Parlors, Government street, and at Christ Church Cathedral at 2:15 p m.

Another consignment of beautiful.... **MONUMENTS** just to hand at T. Bradbury's works

Cormorant Street, one block above City Hall

PERSONAL.

John Gronlund, of Montreal, is at the Dominion.

W. A. Jowett, of the Nelson Miner, is in town and registered at the Driard.

Mrs. William Powell has returned from a three months' visit in Ontario.

Frank G. Norris, of the Sidney hotel, and E. W. Calhoun, Ladner's, are at the Oriental.

Frank E. Wall and Mrs. Wall, of Jefferson, Arizona, are guests at the Dominion.

William Ogilvie, the famous Yukon authority, left this morning for San Francisco, whence he goes east over the Southern Pacific.

Bishop and Mrs. Audry, who have been guests of Bishop and Miss Perrin for the last few days, were passengers to Japan by the direct steamer sailing last night.

Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., left Victoria on Sunday night by the Mainland steamer. He was tendered a banquet and reception at New Westminster last evening.

William G. Neilson, manager of the Columbia River Lumber Co., Beaven, B.C., was at the Dallas yesterday, accompanied by Mrs. Neilson. They left on the Charmer this morning.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, billiousness or constipation you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

ALONG THE WHARVES.

Two Ocean Liners Olympia and Empress of India Sail With Heavy Cargoes.

Lonsdale Goes to Tacoma Instead of the Fraser, the Lebu Replacing Her.

The C. P. R. steamship Empress of Japan reached Victoria about 7 o'clock yesterday evening from Vancouver, and later sailed for the Orient. She had a large cargo of flour, cotton and general merchandise, and indeed had not room enough for all the freight offering. She had, too, a large passenger list, for besides those who boarded her at Vancouver she took on 60 passengers here. Mr. R. R. T. Dougherty, formerly assistant purser, acts as chief purser this trip in place of Mr. Tilley, who is indisposed and not able to make the passage.

A CHANGE OF DESTINATION.

The British ship Lonsdale arrived in the Royal Roads on Sunday from Yokohama, which she left on October 2. She was under charter to Balfour, Guthrie & Co. to load salmon on the Fraser, but her orders were changed and instead she left in tow of the Lorne for Tacoma, where she will take on a load of grain for Britain. The Lebu, now on her way from Honolulu, has been chartered to load salmon at the Fraser in place of the Lonsdale.

PASSENGERS FROM 'FRISCO.

The steamer Umatilla sailed for Victoria yesterday with the following passengers: J. H. Maful, I. Dewharts, Mrs. C. Wilkins, A. J. Ross, F. E. Vanbuskirk, Mrs. C. Cameron, Mrs. S. Powell, Mrs. Robt. May, Pete Webber, G. E. W. Eade, E. E. Stokes.

MARINE NOTES.

The Pacific Coast steamer Corona reached Victoria on Sunday on her first trip on the Alaskan route. She proceeded on her way after loading up some freight here, some 20 tons being for the Northwest police, to be sent in by way of Lynn Canal.

The steamer Mischief yesterday went to San Juan island for 350 head of sheep, which she will take to Lasqueti island for Messrs. Richardson & Nesbitt, who are going in extensively for sheep raising.

The Northern Pacific liner Olympia did not leave port till last evening as she was busy loading a large quantity of lumber at the outer wharf for Japan.

It is reported from San Francisco that the Council of Associated Industries and the Merchants' Freighting Association are speaking of starting an opposition line to the Coast Steamship Co.

ENTERED.

" Yosemite	from	N. Westminster.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Corona	"	" "
" Tacoma	"	" Angeles.
" Alert	"	Saanich.
" Clayoquot	"	Clayoquot.
" Maude	"	Nanaimo.
" Vancouver	"	Coast.
" Lottie	"	Mill Bay.
Ship Lonsdale	"	Yokohama.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer	for	Vancouver.
" Yosemite	"	N. Westminster.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Maude	"	N. Westminster
" Mischief	"	Roche Harbor.
" Vancouver	"	Coastwise.
" Tacoma	"	Pt. Townsend.
" Olympia	"	Yokohama.
" Corona	"	Mary's Island.
" Lonsdale	"	Pt. Townsend.

FRUIT AND BIRDS.

A Few Words in Defence of the Much Maligned Linnet and Other Songsters.

TO THE EDITOR:—I noticed in this morning's issue of the COLONIST (Nov. 7), under the heading "Fruit and Birds," a statement of Mr. Palmer's to the effect that the opinion was expressed at the fruit growers' meeting at Westminster, which he attended, that "English blackbirds, thrushes and linnets were very undesirable, as liable to injure the fruit trees," and that in California it is thought desirable to poison the latter off because they destroy the buds on the trees. Now, Mr. Editor, I seldom rush into print, but as a lover of birds I would like to offer something in their defence.

The last shall be first, so with regard to the linnets. There are linnets and linnets, some members of the English (I beg pardon, British) family, who neither touch bud, flower or fruit, to wit, the seven-colored linnet, who lives on seeds of weeds, and delights chiefly to pick the seeds of the thistle (lots of food here in that line), and who has thereby earned in some localities the name of thistle bird. He is a lovely songster; also the brown linnet, or rose linnet—sorry I cannot say a good word for the green linnet, or the British bullfinch; he is a "terror" on buds.

The British blackbird and thrush do much more good as insect destroyers than they do harm by taking an occasional berry, as they do not congregate in flights, and so only attack the fruit singly. The blackbird is the more predacious of the pair by far, the thrush doing very little harm, as he loves a good fat snail or worm better than the choicest dessert. I am afraid this province at present is scarcely suited for larks (I mean skylarks), as they like an open country with clover fields, etc., to revel in. It is to be hoped that if the idea of importing these birds is carried out that whoever selects them will be careful to only obtain such birds as have had to work for a living in the "Old Countrie," otherwise the pampered ones would surely die, as they would not be in receipt of a remittance from home.

Apologizing for trespassing so much on your space, I trust others will take up the cudgels for AVIS.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

SEWER CONNECTIONS.

A Correspondent Points Out Some Peculiarities in the Administration of the City's Health By-Laws.

TO THE EDITOR:—Having noticed a short time ago that the city council seem to be really about to do something useful and of incalculable benefit to the city by enforcing the by-law dealing with sewer connections, I refrained from writing a letter for publication in a Victoria paper earlier. Not fully realizing what perhaps ten years' experience ought to have taught me, namely, that the city council of Victoria rarely do anything but talk. I must state that I most sincerely regret having kept silent so long. This neglect to enforce sewer connection on the streets where the sewers have been laid at the public expense is nothing more or less than an outrage. What are the mayor and aldermen thinking about? Do they want to place Victoria in the same position that Maidstone is in to-day through their culpable neglect? I have a list before me of the names of nearly two hundred people who have not connected their premises with the sewer. The corporation of the city of Victoria and the names of two aldermen I notice among others who are defying the law at the risk of the public health. That extraordinary document from which I am quoting is a communication from the plumbing inspector to His Worship the Mayor and the Board of Aldermen, and reads as follows:

"Gentlemen:—The following is a list of names of property owners along the line of the sewerage system who have not complied with the requirements of the Sewer Connection By-law, 1893,"—here follows a list of names, among which are some of the best known of Victoria's well-to-do citizens. And now, Sir, listen to the concluding sentences of the document which I have already characterized as extraordinary, and ask what it is to be thought of the way the public health is being cared for.

"The above list," says the plumbing inspector, "does not include any property along the line of the old Johnson street sewer, and I have no record of the connections along that sewer. The reasons that the above properties have not been connected with the sewerage system I am not able to state, as I have been instructed by His Worship the Mayor not to force any connections unless notified by His Worship to do so."

Now, leaving His Worship's interference out of the question, for I am sure he would be the last to wish to override the recommendation of special officers of special departments, where is the medical health officer? In what manner of way can he be performing his duties? Unless of course he considers that the making of these connections with the sewer is not necessary for the prevention of an epidemic, certain isolated cases of which have occurred recently on the outskirts of the city—as if a kind of Providence was giving us a warning of the way in which the whole community will be smitten in a very short time if the authorities continue to wilfully neglect to take the commonest precautions by making the drainage of the city as perfect as may be. Section 4 of the Sewer Connections By-law, 1893 (No. 207), reads as follows:

"Whenever it shall be deemed desirable to have a connection made between any building or premises and a branch main or common sewer the city engineer shall send to the owner of such building or premises a written notice to have such connection made, and if after the expiration from the date of such notice or such extended time as may be granted as hereinafter mentioned, the connection is not made in accordance with such specification, the city engineer may have the work done at the expense of the owner of said building or premises and such expense may be recovered by the corporation in any court of competent jurisdiction from such owner or by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such owner. Provided, however, that the city engineer may grant for cause such extension of time to make the connections as he may deem desirable not, however, exceeding thirty days, and after the expiration of such extended time may have the work done as aforesaid at the expense of the owner, which expense may be recovered as aforesaid."

There is nothing said there about the consent of His Worship the Mayor having to be obtained before the city is made sanitary. Now, sir, why is it that nearly two hundred notices have been served on as many citizens of Victoria, or on citizens owning that number of buildings, and no attempt made to force the making of these connections? If a small property-owner has not the money to do this work, the work must be done for him, as provided for in section 4 of the by-law which I have quoted. I must confess that I do not think that distress is the best way to proceed; I would rather that the city would sell the property if the charge were not paid at the end of two years, as in the case of overdue taxes; for in this instance, having been given time, the poorer property-holders would almost be able to provide the money, and extreme measures would not be needed. But, be this as it may, as a ratepayer of Victoria I demand that the Mayor and council be brought to book, and compelled to enforce section 4 of the sewer connections by-law, 1893 (No. 207), in the interest of the public health. If there is any defect in the by-law which makes its enforcement difficult, let the Mayor make a statement to this effect to the council, and let the Mayor and council take immediate steps to have such defect remedied by the provincial legislature. But all this is for the elected representatives of the people to work out; for myself, I can only say that I shall raise my voice, and raise it so loudly that it will be heard, until the authorities, who do not use the powers with which they have been entrusted for the public good of their own free will, are compelled to do so by the pressure brought to bear upon them by indignant citizens and taxpayers.

J. GERHARD TIARKS.

Beautiful eyes grow dull and dim
As the swift years steal away.
Beautiful, willowy forms so slim
Lose fairness with every day.
But she still is queen and hath charms to spare
Who wears youth's coronal—beautiful hair.

Preserve Your Hair

and you preserve your youth. "A woman is as old as she looks," says the world. No woman looks as old as she is if her hair has preserved its normal beauty. You can keep hair from falling out, restoring its normal color, or restore the normal color to gray or faded hair, by the use of

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

MRS. ANGELL BACKS DOWN.

Her Counsel Seeks Leave to Withdraw Her Suit for Rights as a Wife of Jay Gould.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—W. E. Ward, counsel for Mrs. Angell, who claimed to be the first wife of Jay Gould, appeared before Justice Beach in the supreme court to-day and asked for an order dismissing the complaint and giving him leave to discontinue the action. He said he was thoroughly convinced that there was no foundation for this action and he made this motion for the reason that having commenced this action voluntarily and made the charges he thought it was no more than justice to the defendants to this suit that he should come into court and take the initiative in having the action discontinued rather than allow it to be called on the calendar. Attorneys Root and Ward for the Gould heirs opposed the motion on the ground that there should be a legal determination of the suit and the plaintiff stopped from further proceedings. The justice directed an order to be entered denying the motion to dismiss and followed that by another order providing that the action should be preferred on the circuit calendar for the first Monday in December and that personal service of this order be made upon the plaintiff in the action.

ASSASSINATION IN BRAZIL.

The President and His Brother Narrowly Escape and a Minister Shot.

RIO JANEIRO, Nov. 6.—An attempt has been made to kill the President of Brazil, Dr. Prudente Jose De Moraes. The President's brother, an army officer, was probably mortally wounded while shielding the chief executive. General Machado Betancourt, minister of war, who was one of the President's party, was shot and killed. Rio Janeiro is now under martial law, every soldier having been ordered to arms, and is feared that another revolution is at hand. The victorious troops were passing in review before President Moraes when a soldier dashed out of the naval arsenal towards the President's party, drawing a dagger as he went. Fearing his intention and unable to stop the soldier, Colonel Moraes, the president's brother, stepped between him and his assailant and tried to ward off the dagger thrusts. In this he was successful, but the colonel received the dagger in his own body, the soldier in his frenzy striking several times before he was seized by those in the rear.

While President Moraes and the members of his cabinet were bending over the body of Colonel Moraes, a shot was heard and General Betancourt, the minister of war, staggered and fell beside the body of Colonel Moraes, with a bullet in his head.

This added to the excitement of the crowd, which was by this time wildly surging to and fro, the troops using their bayonets to keep it back, and those behind pressing blindly forward. Finally, fearing another attempt to kill the President and members of the cabinet, more troops were called, and a strong guard was formed around the official party. Colonel Moraes was seriously and probably mortally wounded. General Betancourt died in a faw minutes after he was taken to the palace. The soldier who tried to kill President Moraes belonged to the Tenth battalion. The person who shot Betancourt is unknown. No one knows whence came the fatal shot. The citizens generally attribute the deeds to revenge on the part of Conselheiro's followers.

President Moraes has issued a proclamation lamenting the crime, but declaring that it will not cause him to swerve a hairbreadth in the fulfilment of his constitutional mission. Colonel Moraes, who was with the president at the time of the outrage, says many letters have been received lately threatening the president's life. The official organ declares the crime the result of a political conspiracy.

The name of the assassin is Marcellino Demello. He has been associated with the Jacobins, several of whom have been arrested.

Two JAPS walking along Government street last night about 9 o'clock were accosted by a couple of white men, one of whom demanded five cents. The Japs demurred at this demand, whereupon they were punched right and left by the disappointed whites, for whom the police are now looking.

D. M. Ewen, of Montreal, and Alex. Dick, Rossland, are guests at the Driard.

THE BEST, on the market to-day is that manufactured by the OKANAGAN FLOUR MILLS CO., of Armstrong, B.C. Ask for O.K BRANDS OF FLOUR, either HUNGARIAN XXXX or STRONG BAKER'S, and you will have the right article. Manufactured from the best wheat grown in Okanagan and Spallumcheen Valleys, B.C. FAMILY FLOUR.

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